

CLI Command Reference Guide

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CLI Command Reference Guide

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About This Guide

Use this guide to learn about the ATP Appliance CLI commands for system configuration and status monitoring.

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Preface

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This preface contains the following sections:

About This Guide

This guide describes the commands that make up the command-line interface (CLI) of the Juniper ATP Appliance.

This guide is intended for system administrators responsible for deploying, operating, and maintaining the Juniper ATP Appliance.

Organization

This guide is organized as follows:

- ["Introduction" on page 4](#)—Includes an overview of CLI usage, CLI Modes and information about how to access the Juniper ATP Appliance Command Line Interface.
- ["All-in-One CLI Commands" on page 15](#)—Provides information about system commands for updating the product boot images, setting configurations, and defining system-level settings for Collector and Detection Engine interfaces and network deployment services.
- ["Core/CM Server CLI Commands" on page 59](#)—Provides information about commands available to the Core and Central Manager for all hardware appliance, software appliance, and virtual appliance models, including the commands used to manage Detection Engines and Juniper ATP Appliance system configuration.

- ["Mac OS X Engine CLI Commands" on page 105](#)—Provides information about Mac Mini Mac OS X Detection Engine-specific commands for configuration and status monitoring.
- ["Traffic Collector CLI Commands" on page 137](#)—Provides information about the Juniper ATP Appliance Traffic Collector commands available for identifying, monitoring, and configuring distributed Collector hardware, software and virtual appliances.
- ["Glossary of Terms" on page 174](#)—Provides a set Juniper ATP Appliance-specific as well as cybersecurity industry terms and definitions.

Typographical Conventions

This guide uses the following typographical conventions for special terms and instructions.

Table 1: Table 4-1 Typographical Conventions

Convention	Meaning	Example
courier font Click	Coding examples and text to be entered at the command prompt A left-mouse button click.	Enter the following command: server set dns Click Download IVP to perform endpoint infection verification.
Double-click	A double-click of the left mouse button.	Double-click the report name to open in the integrated SIEM application.
Right-click	A right mouse button click.	Right-click on the icon to view its properties.
< > (text in angle brackets; items separated by the pipe symbols)	Option for selection of required parameter and/or value.	interfaces set stp <on off >

<p>[] (text in square brackets)</p> <p>or</p> <p>[] (text in square brackets, items separated by pipe symbols)</p>	<p>Optional parameters and values, with selection options separated by the pipe symbol.</p>	<p>show device alarm [cpu_util paging]</p>
--	---	--

Related Documentation

The following is a list of additional Juniper ATP Appliance documentation:

- Juniper ATP Appliance Release Notes— Describes the latest release of the Juniper ATP Appliance software.
- Juniper ATP Appliance Quick Start Guides— Quick Starts describe how to install and initially configure a Juniper ATP Appliance; refer to the Quick Start for your device or model.
- Juniper ATP Appliance Operator's Guide— The Operator's Guide describes usage of all aspect of the Juniper ATP Appliance All-in-One or distributed defense system.
- Juniper ATP Appliance CEF/SYSLOG Support for SIEM — This guide provides information about Juniper ATP Appliance CEF and Syslog Logging for SIEM.
- Juniper ATP Appliance Safety and Regulatory Guide—Contains conformance and safety information for Juniper ATP Appliances.
- Juniper ATP Appliance HTTP API Reference Guide— Provides Juniper ATP Appliance HTTP API functions and information about usage.

Introduction

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This chapter explains how to use the Juniper ATP Appliance command line interface (CLI) to configure and administer a Juniper ATP Appliance.

This chapter contains the following sections:

Accessing the CLI

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Hardware Appliance CLI Access via Keyboard and Monitor

1. Connect the end of the keyboard cable to any of the USB ports on the back panel of the appliance.
2. Connect the end of the video monitor cable to the VGA port on the back panel of the appliance.
3. At the CLI prompt, enter your username and password. By default, the admin user name is **admin** and the password is **1JATP234**.

Be sure to change the default password for the admin account after initial setup; the password must be at least 8 characters in length.

4. To launch the configuration wizard, enter the command `wizard`.

Configuration Wizard Command Prompt Progressions

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- [Hardware, Software and Virtual Appliance Access via SSH | 10](#)

NOTE: Enter CTRL-C to exit the Configuration Wizard at any time. If you exit without completing the configuration, you will be prompted again whether to run the Configuration Wizard. You may also rerun the Configuration Wizard at any time with the CLI command **wizard**.

Configuration Wizard Prompts	Customer Response from All-in-One	Customer Response from Core or Mac Mini	Customer Response from Collector
------------------------------	-----------------------------------	---	----------------------------------

Use DHCP to obtain the IP address and DNS server address for the administrative interface (Yes/No)?

NOTE: Only if your DHCP response is no, enter the following information when prompted:

1. IP address
2. Netmask
3. Enter a gateway IP address for this management (administrative) interface:
4. Enter primary DNS server IP address.
5. Do you have a secondary DNS Server (Yes/No).
6. Do you want to enter the search domains?
7. Enter the search domain (separate multiple search domains by space):

Restart the administrative interface (Yes/No)?

We strongly discourage the use of DHCP addressing because it changes dynamically. A static IP address is preferred.

Recommended:

Respond with no:

1. Enter an IP address
2. Enter a netmask using the form 255.255.255.0.
3. Enter a gateway IP address.
4. Enter the DNS server IP address
5. If yes, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server.
6. Enter yes if you want DNS lookups to use a specific domain.
7. Enter space domain(s) separated by spaces; for example: example.com lan.com dom2.com

Enter yes to restart with the new configuration settings applied.

We strongly discourage the use of DHCP addressing because it changes dynamically. A static IP address is preferred.

Recommended:

Respond with no:

1. Enter an IP address
2. Enter a netmask using the form 255.255.255.0.
3. Enter a gateway IP address.
4. Enter the DNS server IP address
5. If yes, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server.
6. Enter yes if you want DNS lookups to use a specific domain.
7. Enter space domain(s) separated by spaces; for example: example.com lan.com dom2.com

Enter yes to restart with the new configuration settings applied.

We strongly discourage the use of DHCP addressing because it changes dynamically. A static IP address is preferred.

Recommended:

Respond with no:

1. Enter an IP address
2. Enter a netmask using the form 255.255.255.0.
3. Enter a gateway IP address.
4. Enter the DNS server IP address
5. If yes, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server.
6. Enter yes if you want DNS lookups to use a specific domain.
7. Enter space domain(s) separated by spaces; for example: example.com lan.com dom2.com

Enter yes to restart with the new configuration settings applied.

Enter a valid hostname
(enter a unique name)

NOTE: Only alpha-
numeric characters and
hyphens (in the middle of
the hostname) are
allowed.

Type a hostname when
prompted; do not include
the domain; for example:

juniperatp1

Type a hostname when
prompted; do not include
the domain; for example:

juniperatp1

Type a hostname when
prompted; do not
include the domain; for
example:

juniperatp1

[OPTIONAL] If the system detects a Secondary Core with an eth3 port, then the alternate CnC exhaust option is displayed:

Use alternate-exhaust for the analysis engine exhaust traffic (Yes/No)?

Enter IP address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface:

Enter netmask for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 255.255.0.0)

Enter gateway IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example:10.6.0.1)

Enter primary DNS server IP Address for the alternateexhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 8.8.8.8)

Do you have a secondary DNS server for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface?

Do you want to enter the search domains for the alternateexhaust (eth2) interface?

NOTE: A complete network interface restart can take more than 60 seconds

Refer to “Configuring an Alternate Analysis Engine Interface” in the Juniper ATP Appliance Operator’s Guide for more information.

Enter yes to configure an alternate eth2 interface.

Enter the IP address for the eth2 interface.

Enter the eth2 netmask.

Enter the gateway IP address.

Enter the primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface.

Enter yes or no to confirm or deny an eth2 secondary DNS server.

Enter yes or no to indicate whether you want to enter search domain.

Refer to “Configuring an Alternate Analysis Engine Interface” in the Juniper ATP Appliance Operator’s Guide for more information.

Enter yes to configure an alternate eth2 interface.

Enter the IP address for the eth2 interface.

Enter the eth2 netmask.

Enter the gateway IP address.

Enter the primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface.

Enter yes or no to confirm or deny an eth2 secondary DNS server.

Enter yes or no to indicate whether you want to enter search domain.

[Traffic Collectors do not send or receive Core analysis engine CnC network traffic, so no eth2 interface is needed.]

Regenerate the SSL self-signed certificate (Yes/No)?	Enter yes to create a new SSL certificate for the Juniper ATP Appliance Server Web UI. If you decline the selfsigned certificate by entering no, be prepared to install a certificate authority (CA) certificate.	Enter yes to create a new SSL certificate for the Juniper ATP Appliance Server Web UI. If you decline the selfsigned certificate by entering no, be prepared to install a certificate authority (CA) certificate.	Not applicable to Collector.
Enter the following server attributes: Is this a Central Manager device: Device Name: (must be unique) Device Description Device Key PassPhrase NOTE: Remember this passphrase and use it for all distributed devices!	Enter Yes; the system will auto-set IP 127.0.0.1 as the All-in- One IP address. Enter the Juniper ATP Appliance Collector Host Name; this identifies the Collector in the Web UI. Enter a device Description Enter a user-defined PassPhrase to be used to authenticate the Core to the Central Manager.	Enter Yes; the system will auto-set IP 127.0.0.1 as the All-in- One IP address. Enter the Juniper ATP Appliance Collector Host Name; this identifies the Collector in the Web UI. Enter a device Description Enter a user-defined PassPhrase to be used to authenticate the Core to the Central Manager.	Enter Yes; the system will auto-set IP 127.0.0.1 as the All-in-One IP address. Enter the Juniper ATP Appliance Collector Host Name; this identifies the Collector in the Web UI. Enter a device Description Enter a user-defined PassPhrase to be used to authenticate the Core to the Central Manager.

Hardware, Software and Virtual Appliance Access via SSH

To access the Juniper ATP Appliance CLI over the management network:

1. Start a terminal window session and use the ssh command to access the appliance. For example, if the IP address of the appliance is 10.1.1.2, enter the following command:

xssh <mailto:admin@10.1.1.2>
2. When prompted, enter your password. By default, the **admin** user name is admin and the password is **1JATP234**.
3. To launch the configuration wizard, enter the command wizard.

wizard

See "Configuration Wizard Command Prompt Progressions" on page 6 for steps.

CLI Help and Keyboard Shortcuts

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To display Juniper ATP Appliance CLI help, type the command help to display CLI keys and auto-completion usage.

For context-sensitive help, alternatively, enter a "?" to display either a list of possible command completions with summaries, or the full syntax of the current command. A subsequent repeat of this key, when a command has been resolved, will display a detailed reference, as described below.

- Enter "?" at the prompt to display a list of the available commands in the current mode.
- Enter "?" after you type a command to display its available options and parameters.
- Enter "?" after a partially typed keyword to display command matches for auto-completions

You can enter commands in abbreviated form if you enter enough characters to uniquely identify each keyword. For example, the show interface command can be abbreviated as:

sh in

To identify a command's minimum abbreviation, type a few characters then press Tab. When you have entered enough characters, the keyword is completed.

The following table outlines the available CLI shortcuts.

Table 2: Table 1-1 Keyboard Shortcuts

Action	Shortcut	Description

Auto-Completion	Enter, Tab or Space Key	Completes a partial command during typing if enough characters are typed to uniquely identify it.
Recall	Ctrl+P or ↑ Ctrl+N or ↓ Ctrl+L or Ctrl+R	Retrieve previous command from CLI history. Retrieve next command from CLI history. Clear the screen or Redisplay the current command line.
Delete	Ctrl+D Ctrl+H Ctrl+K Ctrl+U or Ctrl+W	Delete character. Delete character before cursor (Backspace). Delete all characters from cursor to end of line. Delete all characters or words on line.
Cursor move	Ctrl+A Ctrl+B Ctrl+E Ctrl+F	Move cursor to start of line. Move cursor back a single character. Move cursor to end of line. Move cursor forward a single character.
Character Transpose	Ctrl+T	Transpose character at the cursor with preceding character.
Interrupt output	Ctrl+C	Interrupt presentation of the CLI output.
Replace	!!	Substitute the last command line

	!N	Substitute the Nth command line (absolute as per 'history' command)
	!-N	Substitute the command line entered N lines before (relative)
Exit mode or logout	exit	Exit current mode or exit the CLI session.

SPECIAL CHARACTER REQUIREMENT

You must enclose non-alphabet characters in double quotes in CLI commands; for example:

Juniper ATP Appliance(server)# set passphrase "kfe\$nd#\$^S"

CLI Modes

The CLI commands that you can enter depend on your user privileges and the CLI command mode. User roles are "admin" and "debugging." The following table describes the CLI command mode.

Note that the prompt in each mode includes the host name of the Juniper ATP Appliance.

Mode	Description	How to Exit
Basic Mode	Monitor system operation and issue basic system commands. This is the default login mode. The following prompt is displayed: JATP#	Enter exit to log out of the CLI.
CM Mode	Monitor system history and upgrades from the Core or vCore in cm (Central Manager) mode. JATP_Hostname# cm JATP_Hostname (cm)# ?	Enter exit to leave cm mode.

Core Configuration Mode	<p>To access Core configuration mode in the Core/CM, All-in- One, and Mac Mini, enter “core” in Basic mode. The prompt changes to indicate the mode in parentheses:</p> <p>JATP_Hostname# core</p> <p>JATP_Hostname (core)# ?</p>	Enter exit to leave server mode.
Collector Configuration Mode	<p>Configure the Juniper ATP Appliance Collector (includes all commands). To access Collector configuration mode, enter “collector” in Basic mode. The prompt changes to indicate the mode in parentheses:</p> <p>JATP_Hostname# collector</p> <p>JATP_Hostname (collector)# ?</p>	Enter exit to leave server mode.
Diagnosis Packet Capture, Monitoring, GSS Reporting and Configuration Mode	<p>Check Initial Setup, Diagnose, Monitor, Set GSS, and Configure the Juniper ATP Appliance (includes all commands). To access Diagnosis mode, enter “diagnosis” in Basic mode. The prompt changes to indicate the mode in parentheses:</p> <p>JATP_Hostname# diagnosis</p> <p>JATP_Hostname (diagnosis)# ?</p>	Enter exit to leave diagnosis mode.
Server Configuration Mode	<p>Set up and monitor the system (includes all Basic commands plus server-specific commands). To access Server configuration mode, enter “server” in Basic mode. The prompt changes to indicate the mode in parentheses:</p> <p>JATP-Hostname# server</p> <p>JATP-Hostname (server)# ?</p>	Enter exit to leave server mode.
Wizard Configuration Mode	<p>Configure the system during installation and setup the management network and connected Juniper ATP Appliance components. To access wizard configuration mode, enter “wizard” in Basic mode. The prompt changes to indicate the mode in parentheses:</p> <p>JATP-Hostname# wizard</p> <p>JATP-Hostname (wizard)# ?</p>	Enter exit to leave wizard mode.

SEE ALSO

| [All-in-One CLI Commands | 15](#)

All-in-One CLI Commands

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This chapter describes the administration commands for a Juniper ATP Appliance All-in-One server appliance, software appliance or virtual appliance.

These commands are used to configure the Juniper ATP Appliance All-in-One appliance, manage configurations, and set system-level settings for interfaces, network services, and SIEM integration.

NOTE: You must enclose non-alphabet characters in double quotes in CLI commands.

Basic Mode Commands

Use general system commands to configure the appliance, view appliance history, enter other CLI modes, obtain help with CLI syntax, and to exit the CLI session.

The general commands are:

- ["cm" on page 20](#)
- ["core" on page 23](#)
- ["collector" on page 21](#)
- ["diagnosis" on page 23](#)
- ["exit" on page 24](#)
- ["help" on page 26](#)
- ["history" on page 27](#)
- ["server" on page 34](#)
- ["wizard" on page 56](#)

Refer to the sections in this guide to review CM Mode, Collector Mode, Core Mode, Diagnosis Mode, Server Mode and Wizard mode commands per device-- All-in-One, CoreCM, Traffic Collector and Mac OS X Detection Engine on a Mac Mini.

CM Commands

- ["exit" on page 24](#)
- ["help" on page 26](#)
- ["history" on page 27](#)
- ["upgrade" on page 55](#)

Core Mode Commands

- ["exit" on page 24](#)
- ["help" on page 26](#)
- ["history" on page 27](#)
- ["show \(core mode\)" on page 50](#)
- ["updateimage" on page 55](#)

Server Mode Commands

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- ["help" on page 26](#)
- ["history" on page 27](#)
- ["ifrestart" on page 28](#)
- ["ping" on page 29](#)
- ["reboot" on page 30](#)
- ["restart" on page 31](#)
- ["restore" on page 32](#)
- ["restore" on page 32](#)
- ["set appliance-type \(server mode\)" on page 41](#)
- ["set system-alert \(server mode\)" on page 46](#)
- ["set \(server mode\)" on page 44](#)
- ["shutdown" on page 53](#)
- ["shutdown" on page 53](#)
- ["traceroute" on page 54](#)

Collector Mode Commands

- ["exit" on page 24](#)
- ["help" on page 26](#)
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- ["set honeypot \(collector mode\)" on page 35](#)
- ["set traffic-monitoring \(for JATP700 Appliances only\) \(collector mode\)" on page 36](#)
- ["set traffic-filter \(collector mode\)" on page 36](#)
- ["set protocols \(collector mode\)" on page 38](#)

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- ["show \(collector mode\)" on page 48](#)

Diagnosis Mode Commands

- ["capture-start" on page 20](#)
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- ["setupcheck" on page 47](#)
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All-in-One CLI Commands

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capture-start

Table 3: capture-start

Description	Starts packet capture as a means for diagnosing and debugging network traffic and obtaining stats. See Also: [mode]; [mode];
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	capture-start
Parameters	<interface_name><IP address>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	The following example starts a packet capture process on interface eth1 for a Traffic Collector with IP address 8.8.8.8: hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# capture-start eth1 8.8.8.8 NOTE: Note: Address 8.8.8.8 need not be a Juniper ATP Appliance. It is just a host that the capture filters on.

cm

Table 4: cm

Description	Enters cm (Central Manager) mode. See Also: basic [mode];
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core

Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	cm
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	exit help history upgrade
Example	The following command example enters cm configuration mode: hostname # cm hostname (cm)#

collector

Table 5: collector

Description	Enters the Collector configuration mode. See Also: [mode]
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	collector
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	;;;
Example	The following example enters collector configuration mode: hostname # collector hostname (collector)# ?

copy

Table 6: copy

Description	<p>Uses Secure Copy (SCP) to copy and transfer packet capture or traceback (crash) data to a remote location, providing the same authentication and level of security as an SSH transfer.</p> <p>The copy traceback command, upon Customer Support's request, copies the traceback files out of the box to a remote location.</p> <p>See Also: [mode];</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core-CM Mac OSX Engine
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	<pre>copy capture <scp source_file_name username@destination_host:destination_folder> traceback {<tab> ALL} <string URI as user@hostname:path</pre>
Parameters	<pre>copy capture <scp remote filename_location> copy traceback <ALL filename> copy traceback <tab> [tab displays all available crash filenames]</pre>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following example copies the file "Eth1.txt" from the local host to a remote host:</p> <pre>hostname (diagnosis)# copy capture Eth1.txt mailto:admin@remotehost.edu:/some/remote/directory</pre>

core

Table 7: core

Description	Enters core mode. See Also: basic [mode];
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	core
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	exit, help, history, show, updateimage
Example	The following command example enters core configuration mode: hostname # core hostname (core)#

diagnosis

Table 8: diagnosis

Description	Enters the Diagnosis configuration and status check mode. See Also: collector [mode], server [mode]
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	diagnosis

Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	;;;;;;;;;
Example	<p>The following example enters diagnosis configuration and status check mode:</p> <pre>hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# ?</pre>

exit

Table 9: exit

Description	Ends the CLI session.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Core Collector Diagnosis Server
Syntax	exit
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following example ends a command mode or CLI session.</p> <pre>JATP# (diagnosis) exit JATP# JATP (core) exit JATP# exit</pre>

gssreport

Table 10: gssreport

Description	<p>Use the gssreport command to submit reports to Juniper Global Security Services (GSS), and to display the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>See Also: ; [mode]</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	gssreport status submit
Parameters	<p>status - displays the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>submit - submits a report to Juniper ATP Appliance GSS.</p>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following examples display the status of a GSS report submission:</p> <pre> hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport submit Successfully started GSS report hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport status GSS is currently enabled Last 5-minute GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.414322: successfully submitted Last hourly GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.468259: successfully submitted Last daily GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:28.225512: successfully submitted </pre>

help

Table 11: help

Description	Displays information about the CLI help system.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Core Collector Diagnosis Server
Syntax	help
Parameters	None

Example

The following example shows some of the output of the help command.

CONTEXT SENSITIVE HELP

[?] - Display context sensitive help. This is either a list of possible command completions with summaries, or the full syntax of the current command. A subsequent repeat of this key, when a command has been resolved, will display a detailed reference.

AUTO-COMPLETION

The following keys both perform auto-completion for the current command line. If the command prefix is not unique then the bell will ring and a subsequent repeat of the key will display possible completions.

[enter] - Auto-completes, syntax-checks then executes a command.

If there is a syntax error then offending part of the command line will be highlighted and explained.

[tab] - Auto-completes

[space] - Auto-completes, or if the command is already resolved inserts a space.

If "<cr>" is shown, that means that what you have entered so far is a complete command, and you may press Enter (carriage return) to execute it.

Use ? to learn command parameters and option:

```
JATP (server)# show f?
firewall Show the firewall configuration settings
interface
JATP (server)# show firewall?
all Show the current iptables settings
whitelist Show the iptables whitelist settings
show firewall whitelist?
<cr>
show firewall whitelist
```

history**Table 12: history**

Description	Displays the current CLI session command line history.
-------------	--

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Core Collector Diagnosis Server
Syntax	history
Parameters	None
Example	The following examples returns command line history for the current CLI session. JATP# (core) history

ifrestart

Table 13: ifrestart

Description	Restarts the interface driver and services using the interface.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server	
Syntax	ifrestart eth0 eth1	
Parameters	eth0	Restarts the management network administra interface.
	eth1	Restarts the monitoring network interface.

Example	<p>The following example restarts the eth0 interface for the management network.</p> <pre><FireEye_name># ifrestart eth0</pre>
---------	--

ping

Table 14: ping

Description	Sends ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) echo request packets to a specified host name or IP address to verify that the destination is reachable over the network.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server	
Syntax	ping [-c count] [-h hops] [string]	
Parameters	-ccount	Number of echo requests to send. By default, pings are continuously until you press Ctrl+C.
	-hhops	Number of next hops between pings (default is 1).
	string	IP address, hostname or interface name used to ping device address

Example

The following example sends three echo requests to the device with the IP Address 10.10.10.1

```
<FireEye_name># ping -c 3 10.10.10.1
```

```
PING 10.10.10.1 (10.10.10.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=1 ttl=64 time=0.314 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=2 ttl=64 time=0.277 ms
64 bytes from v: icmp_req=3 ttl=64 time=0.274 m
```

```
--- 10.10.10.1 ping statistics ---
```

```
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 1999ms
```

```
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.274/0.288/0.314/0.022 ms
```

reboot

Table 15: reboot

Description	Reboots the Juniper ATP Appliance.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	reboot
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following example reboots the system.</p> <pre>hostname# reboot</pre>

restart

Table 16: restart

Description	Restarts Juniper ATP Appliance services.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	restart [all behaviorengine cm collector core correlationengine database ntpserver sshserver staticengine webservice]

Parameters	all	Restarts all Juniper ATP Appliance services.
	behaviorengine	Restarts the Behavioral Analysis Engine
	cm	Restarts the Central Manager Web UI service.
	collector	Restarts the Collector service.
	core	Restarts the Core Detection Engine.
	correlationengine	Restarts the Correlation Engine.
	database	Restarts the Database.
	ntpserver	Restarts the NTP server.
	sshserver	Restarts the SSH server.
	staticengine	Restarts the Static Analysis Engine.
	webserver	Restarts the web server.
Example	<p>The following example restarts the Central manager service.</p> <pre>JATP# restart cm</pre>	

restore

Table 17: restore

Description	Restores the system configuration to the factory default settings. This will only reset the password to default temporarily.
-------------	--

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine									
Mode(s)	server									
Syntax	<p>restore [support firewall {backup default} hostname network]</p> <p>Allowlist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case.</p>									
Parameters	<p>NOTE: vCore for AWS does not use the following CLI commands: restore hostname restore network</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>support</td> <td>Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# "set (server mode)" on page 44</td> </tr> <tr> <td>firewall {backup default}</td> <td>Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>hostname</td> <td>Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>network</td> <td>Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings. WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.</td> </tr> </table>		support	Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# " set (server mode) " on page 44	firewall {backup default}	Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.	hostname	Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.	network	Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings. WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.
support	Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# " set (server mode) " on page 44									
firewall {backup default}	Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.									
hostname	Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.									
network	Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings. WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.									
Example	<p>The following example restores the system.</p> <pre>JATP# restore</pre> <p>This next example restores the SSH login "support" password to the default</p> <pre>JATP # restore support password Restore the default support password? (Yes/No)? yes support password was restored successfully!</pre>									

server**Table 18: server**

Description	Enters the server configuration mode. See Also:
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core/CM Mac Mini Mac OS X
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	server
Sub-Commands	;;;;;; Whitelist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case.
Example	The following example enters server configuration mode: hostname # server hostname (server) # ?

set honeypot (collector mode)

Table 19: set honeypot

Description	<p>Enables and disables the SSH-Honeypot feature for a Traffic Collector.</p> <p>A honeypot can be deployed within a customer network to detect network activity generated by malware attempting to infect or attack other machines in a local area network. These attempted SSH logins can be used to supplement detection of lateral spread.</p> <p>There are two parameters that can be set for a honeypot:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable/disable a honeypot • Set a Static IP (IP, mask, and gateway) or DHCP of a publicly addressable interface <p>See Also: show honeypot command in</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<pre>(collector)# set honeypot ssh-honeypot enable dhcp</pre> <pre>(collector)# set honeypot ssh-honeypot enable address (IP address) netmask (subnet IP) gateway (IP address)</pre> <pre>(collector):# set honeypot ssh-honeypot disable</pre>
Example	<p>The following example enables the SMB parser for lateral detections:</p> <pre>(collector)# set honeypot ssh-honeypot enable address 1.2.3.4 netmask 255.255.0.0 gateway 1.2.3.1</pre> <p>NOTE: The static IP configuration does not require configuring DNS. Honeypots do not require a DNS server at this time.</p>

set traffic-monitoring (for JATP700 Appliances only) (collector mode)

Table 20: set traffic-monitoring

Description	Sets the traffic monitoring interface on the JATP700
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<pre># set traffic-monitoring-ifc 1gb_ifc</pre> <p>Set the traffic monitoring interface to be the 1G interface.</p> <pre># set traffic-monitoring-ifc 10gb_ifc</pre> <p>Set the traffic monitoring interface to be the 10G interface.</p> <p>NOTE: After making an interface type change, the system must be rebooted for the change to take effect.</p>

set traffic-filter (collector mode)

Table 21: set traffic-filter

Description	<p>Sets traffic filter rules to avoid analysis on a set of configured traffic, which cannot be made retroactive; for example: any analysis skipped as a result of the filtering cannot be reversed. This command can be applied to an entire network/subnet/CIDR range.</p> <p>See Also;; [show traffic-filter]</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector

<p>Syntax</p>	<pre>set traffic-filter {add <rule_name> <domain> <sourceaddress> <destination-address> <source-port> <destination-port> <protocol> remove <rule_name>}</pre>	
<p>Parameters</p>	<p>traffic-filter add</p>	<p>Adds a traffic filter rule where:</p>
	<p><RuleString></p>	<p>“RuleString” is the name of the rule</p>
	<p><DomainString></p>	<p>“DomainString” is the domain to filter out</p>
	<p><sourceaddress></p>	<p>“source-address” is the source IPv4 address or network (CIDR)</p>
	<p><destination-address></p>	<p>“destination-address” is the destination IPv4 address or network (CIDR)</p>
	<p><source-port></p>	<p>“source-port” is the source port number (0-65535)</p>
	<p><destinationport></p>	<p>“destination-port” is the destination port number</p>
	<p><protocol></p>	<p>(0-65535)“protocol” is the protocol type: either IP, TCP, UDP or HTTP</p>
<p>Example</p>	<p>The following example add a traffic filter rule to the Traffic Collector.</p> <pre>JATP-collector02(collector)# set traffic-rule add CustomRule2 headqrts.example.com 10.2.00/16 20.0.0.2 90 120 tcp</pre> <p>where destination-address is 20.0.0.2, destination-port is 120, protocol is tcp, source-address is 10.2.0.0/16 and source-port is 90 (in our example).</p>	

set protocols (collector mode)

Table 22: set protocols

Description	Enables and disables the HTTP or SMB parser for a Traffic Collector. See Also: show protocols command in
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<code>(collector)# set protocols {http [on off] smb [on off]}</code>
Example	The following example enables the SMB parser for lateral detections: <code>hostname (collector) set protocols smb on</code>

set proxy (collector mode)

Table 23: set proxy

Description	<p>Sets an Inside or Outside data path proxy from collector mode.</p> <p>Deploy Traffic Collectors in locations where the monitoring interface is (1) placed “outside” between the proxy and the egress network for customer environments in which the proxy supports XFF (X-Forwarded-For), or (2) [the more typical deployment scenario], the Collector is placed between the proxy and the internal network using FQDN (if available) to identify the threat source for all types of incidents (“inside” proxy). When configured, the Juniper ATP Appliance Traffic Collector will monitor all traffic and correctly identify source and destination hosts for each link in the kill chain wherever the data allows for it.</p> <p>Note that if the “X-Forwarded-For” header is provided in the HTTP request, detection will identify threat targets when deployed outside of the proxy (customers can choose to disable the XFF feature in the proxy setting, if desired).</p> <p>See Also: [“set proxy” command for management network]; ;</p> <p>NOTE: The mitigation IP address of a CNC server is not be available for Inside proxy deployments. When a Juniper ATP Appliance is deployed behind a proxy, the Mitigation-> Firewall page in the Juniper ATP Appliance Central Manager Web UI (which typically displays the CNC server IP address to mitigate) will be empty. The destination IP address of any callback is made to the proxy server ip address, so it is not relevant to display the proxy server IP address on the Mitigation->Firewall page.</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<pre>set proxy inside {add <proxy IP address> <proxy port> remove <proxy IP address> <proxy port>} set proxy outside {add <proxy IP address> remove <proxy IP address>}</pre>

Parameters	inside	Sets the inside proxy IP addresses
	outside	outside Sets the outside proxy IP addresses
	add	Adds a proxy configuration.
	remove	Removes a proxy configuration.
Example	<p>The following example sets an inside data path proxy:</p> <pre>JATP (collector)# set proxy inside add 10.1.1.1 8080</pre> <p>The following example sets an outside data path proxy:</p> <pre>JATP (collector)# set proxy outside add 10.2.1.1</pre>	

set (diagnosis mode)

Table 24: set

Description	<p>Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode.</p> <p>See Also:: set (collector mode)</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	set logging

Parameters	all	Sets logging for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.
	default	Sets logging to the default parameters
	debug	Sets logging at the debug level.
	info	Sets logging at the info level.
	warning	Sets logging at the warning level.
	error	Sets logging at the error level.
	critical	Sets logging at the critical level.
Example	<p>The following example sets the default logging level for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.</p> <pre>JATP# set logging all</pre>	

set appliance-type (server mode)

Table 25: set appliance-type

Description	Change the appliance type at any time. For example, change from All-In-One to Core/CM. Note that if you change the appliance type after the initial installation, all data files related to the current type are lost and you must set up the appliance as you would a fresh box.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Collector
Mode(s)	server

Syntax	<code>jatp:AI0#(server)# set appliance-type core-cm</code>
Parameters	<p>all-in-one</p> <hr/> <p>core-cm</p> <hr/> <p>email-collector</p> <hr/> <p>traffic-collector</p> <hr/>
Example	<p>The following example changes the form factor of the appliance from all-in-one (the default) to core-cm:</p> <pre>jatp:AI0#(server)# set appliance-type core-cm</pre> <p>This will result in the deletion of all data and configurations not relevant to the new form factor.</p> <p>Proceed? (Yes/No)? Yes</p>

set ip interface (server mode)

Table 26: set ip interface

Description	<p>Sets the management interface (eth0) and/or the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2) for the Juniper ATP Appliance.</p> <p>Refer to the Operator's Guide for information about configuring the optional alternate analysis engine eth2 interface option (it moves CnC traffic during analysis engine processing off the enterprise's eth0 management network).</p> <p>See Also;;;;</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine

Mode(s)	server	
Syntax	<pre>(server) # set ip interface management <dhcp address netmask gateway></pre> <pre>(server) # set ip interface alternate-exhaust <address netmask gateway></pre>	
Parameters	dhcp	Enables DHCP for the management or alternate-exhaust interface.
	address	Sets the static IP address for the management (eth0) or lternate-exhaust (eth2) interface,
	netmask	Sets the netmask for the management network or the alternate-exhaust network.
	gateway	Sets the Gateway IP address for the management interfac or the optiona alternate-exhaust network.
Example	<p>The following example configures the management interface (eth0) for a Juniper ATP Appliance Core device:</p> <pre>JATP (server)# set ip interface management address 10.2.123.18 netmask 255.255.255.0 gateway 10.2.0.1</pre> <p>The following example configures the management interface (eth0) using DHCP:</p> <pre>JATP (server)# set ip interface management dhcp</pre> <p>This example configures the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2) for a Juniper ATP Appliance Core device:</p> <pre>JATP (server)# set ip interface alternate-exhaust address 10.2.123.12 netmask 255.255.255.0 gateway 10.2.0.2</pre>	

set (server mode)

Table 27: set

Description	Configure the system settings.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server, See Also;
Syntax	<pre>set [autoupdate {on off} cli timeout secs clock cm address cysupport {enable disable} localmode {enable disable} passphrase string dns firewall {all <backup flush> whitelist} hostname string ip interface {management alternate-exhaust} ntpserver password proxy {config enabled remove} timezone string uipassword]</pre>
Parameters (Columns below)	<p>Note: vCore for AWS does not use the following CLI commands:</p> <pre>set ip</pre> <pre>set hostname</pre> <p>[Users cannot set static IP address or change the hostname directly on an EC2 AWS instance]</p> <p>server mode “set proxy” command is a management network proxy tool; for data path Collector proxy configurations, refer to "set proxy (collector mode)" on page 39</p>

<pre> autoupdate {content software} {on off} cli timeout secs clock cm address set cysupport {enable disable} {localmode} dns firewall {all <backup flush> whitelist <add delete flush>} hostname string ip interface {management alternateexhaust} <dhcp address netmask gateway> </pre>	<p>Turn on or off automatic product updates. set autoupdate content on</p> <p>Sets CLI timeout period in seconds (0 indicates no timeout).</p> <p>Sets the current date and time.</p> <p>Sets the IP address of the Central Manager and netmask using the slash notation; example: AAA.BBB.CCC.DD/X</p> <p>Enables remote SSH login "support" account or localmode enable/disable.</p> <p>Sets DNS (or enables DHCP for DNS) for the management interface by default if interface is unspecified.</p> <p>Backs up or flushes (clears) all current iptables for a firewall, or adds, deletes or flushes the current iptables allowlist-specific settings for the firewall.</p> <p>The "add" option adds an IP address to the iptables outbound allowlist.</p> <pre># set firewall whitelist add 10.1.1.1</pre> <p>Sets the system's host name.</p> <p>Sets the IP address, netmask, or default gateway, or enables DHCP for the management or alternate-exhaust interface.</p>
<pre> ntpserver passphrase string password </pre>	<p>Sets the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.</p> <p>Sets the device key password; enter a string.</p> <p>Sets a new password for the CLI administrator.</p>
<pre> proxy {config <all http> enabled <on off> remove <all http>} </pre>	<p>Config, enable/disable, or remove "all" proxy configs, or remove an HTTP-specific proxy server.</p> <p>TIP: Tip: Config the proxy for "all" protocols first, and then change HTTP proxy as needed.</p>
<pre> timezone string </pre>	<p>Sets the timezone for the device.</p>

uipassword	Sets a new admin password for CM Web UI access.
Example	<p>The following example disables the CLI timeout counter.</p> <pre>JATP (server)# set cli timeout 0</pre> <p>The following example enables support:</p> <pre>JATP (server)# set cysupport enable</pre>

set system-alert (server mode)

Table 28: set system-alert

Description	<p>Configure the traffic threshold and checking interval for the Collector "monitored traffic" health status.</p> <p>When the monitored traffic of a collector within the checking interval time is lower than the threshold, a system health alert is generated. You can send an email notification of the alert if email notifications of system health events are configured.</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM
Mode(s)	Server, See Also;;; show
Syntax	<pre>set system-alert traffic <integer> time <interval></pre> <p>NOTE: Note that both "traffic" and "time" parameters are required in order to set the threshold for both the minimum traffic and time.</p>

Parameters	traffic	- the minimum traffic (in KB)
	interval	- the checking interval (in minutes)
Example	<p>JATP (server) # set system-alert traffic 100 time 30</p> <p>This example sets the system alert such that, if the total monitored traffic of a collector within the last 30 minutes dips lower than 100KB, then a system health alert will be generated (and users will receive an email notification of the alert if email notifications are configured for system health events).</p> <p>By default this alert is disabled, and users must set the minimum traffic and interval in order to enable it. Also note that all bytes seen on Ethernet frames are counted in the traffic.</p> <p>The minimum interval for the "set system-alert traffic" time interval command is 10 minutes. If the minimum interval is set to less than 10 minutes, no alerts will be triggered.</p>	

setupcheck

Table 29: setupcheck

Description	Checks and reports on basic configuration settings and analysis pipeline setup.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	setupcheck {all report basic analysis}

Parameters	all	Checks both basic settings and analysis pipelin
	report	Shows report of last setupcheck.
	basic	Checks basic configuration settings.
	analysis	Checks the analysis pipeline.
Example	<p>The following example checks all basic configuration settings as well as the analysis pipeline:</p> <pre>JATP (diagnosis) # setupcheck all</pre>	

show (collector mode)

Table 30: show (collector mode)

Description	Displays the Traffic Collector HOMENET settings and all configured subnets, as well as current traffic filters and the current XFF status (enabled or disabled)
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	Collector
Subcommands	homenet traffic-filter proxy honeypot
Syntax	show

Parameters	<table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="613 184 912 342">traffic-filter</td> <td data-bbox="912 184 1425 342">Shows all traffic filter rules.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="613 342 912 478">protocols</td> <td data-bbox="912 342 1425 478">Shows current HTTP or SMB protocol parser settings</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="613 478 912 615">proxy {inside outside}</td> <td data-bbox="912 478 1425 615">Shows Traffic Collector proxy for inside or outside configurations.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="613 615 912 808">honeypot</td> <td data-bbox="912 615 1425 808">Shows the current honeypot configuration.</td> </tr> </table>	traffic-filter	Shows all traffic filter rules.	protocols	Shows current HTTP or SMB protocol parser settings	proxy {inside outside}	Shows Traffic Collector proxy for inside or outside configurations.	honeypot	Shows the current honeypot configuration.
traffic-filter	Shows all traffic filter rules.								
protocols	Shows current HTTP or SMB protocol parser settings								
proxy {inside outside}	Shows Traffic Collector proxy for inside or outside configurations.								
honeypot	Shows the current honeypot configuration.								
Example	<p>The following example displays the current Collector proxy inside settings:</p> <pre>collector02(collector)# show proxy inside Proxy IPs: 10.1.1.1</pre> <p>The following example displays the current traffic filter:</p> <pre>collector02 (collector)# show traffic-filter Name: CustomRule2, Domain: headqtrs.example.com</pre> <p>The following example displays the current SMB protocol parser setting:</p> <pre>collector02 (collector)# show protocols</pre> <p>The following example displays the current honeypot configuration:</p> <pre>collector02 (collector)# show honeypot ssh-honeypot</pre>								

show (collector mode)

Table 31: show (collector mode)

Description	Display the currently selected traffic monitoring interface.
-------------	--

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	Collector
Syntax	collector02 (collector)#ow traffic-monitoring-ifc-type Display the currently selected traffic monitoring interface

show (core mode)

Description	Displays the guest image(s) status or allowlist statistics. See Also:; show (diagnostic mode)	
Product(s) CLI	See Also: shutdown; show (diagnostic mode)	
Mode(s)	Core	
Syntax	show	
Parameters	images	Displays guest image update and status information.
	whitelist	Displays the name, hit count and the time of last hit of a user configured allowlist. Note that when a allowlist rule is deleted, it will be removed from the list. Updates to existing rule are not affected by the presence of the rule in the output, but hit count could increment. Further, more than one rule can be hit by a single incident.
	alternate-exhaustinter face	Displays the status of the alternate exhaust interface eth2.

Example

The following example demonstrates the show images command usage:

```
JATP(core)# show images
```

The following example demonstrates the show whitelist command usage:

```
JATP(core)# show whitelist
```

```
JATP(core)# show whitelist
```

Rule Name	Hit Count	Local Time of Last Hit
URI1	10	Wed Sep 2 18:16:55 2015
URI2	10	Wed Sep 2 18:16:55 2015
URI3	10	Wed Sep 2 18:16:55 2015
greatfilesar ey	49	Wed Sep 2 18:20:00 2015

The following example shows how to get the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2) status:

```
JATP(core)# show alternate-exhaust interface
```

show (diagnosis mode)

Table 32: show (diagnosis mode)

Description	<p>Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode.</p> <p>See Also:; show (core mode)</p>
-------------	--

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	diagnosis	
Syntax	show	
Parameters	device {collectorstatus corestatus slavecorestatus}	Display connected device statistics for Traffic Collector, CoreCM, or Mac Mini Detection Engine Secondary "backup core."
	protocol {web email}	Displays the session counts for network web or email protocols.
	objects	Displays the current number of file objects.
	logging	Displays the currently-configured logging level. See Also:
	log error traceback	Displays only the tracebacks (if any) generated by Juniper ATP Appliance OS process error logs. A traceback is a stack of functions that were executing when an error condition was encountered.
	log error last <integer: number of lines to display>	Displays n [1-1000] lines of the contents of the common log file.
		Example: show log error last 12

Example

The following example displays the connected Traffic Collector status.

```
JATP(diagnosis)# show device collectorstatus
<cr>
```

```
JATP (diagnosis)# show device collectorstatus WEB_COLLECTOR
```

```
IP : 10.2.9.68
Enabled : True
Last Seen : 2015-07-25 15:13:17.967000-07:00
Install Date : 2015-06-25 19:03:38-07:00
```

```
IP : 10.2.20.3
Enabled : True
Last Seen : 2015-07-28 11:07:42.046000-07:00
Install Date : 2013-11-14 09:25:39-08:00
```

This example displays the log error traceback

```
JATP(diagnosis)# show log error traceback
<cr>
```

shutdown

Table 33: shutdown

Description	Shuts down the Juniper ATP Appliance server.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	shutdown

Parameters	None
Example	The following example performs a shutdown of the current device. JATP# shutdown

traceroute

Table 34: traceroute

Description	Displays the route packets trace to a host name or an IP address.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server Collector	
Syntax	traceroute	
Parameters	-h unsigned integer	Specifies the number of hops
	string	Names the remote system to be traced.
Example	The following example performs a traceroute of the named device. JATP# traceroute -h 2 MacMini0SX-Engine	

upgrade

Table 35: upgrade

Description	Upgrade Juniper ATP Appliance software for the Core/CM device or vCore, and all connected physical or virtual devices.		
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM		
Mode(s)	cm		
Syntax	upgrade <URI as user@hostname:path>		
Parameters	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><String_URI></td> <td>Specifies the software packages to copy .from a remote location for upgrading via the Core.</td> </tr> </table>	<String_URI>	Specifies the software packages to copy .from a remote location for upgrading via the Core.
<String_URI>	Specifies the software packages to copy .from a remote location for upgrading via the Core.		
Example	<p>The following example copies Juniper ATP Appliance software to the Core from a remote location defined by the path provided.</p> <pre>CoreCM(cm)# upgrade admin@remoteHost.edu:some/remote/ directory</pre>		

updateimage

Table 36: updateimage

Description	<p>Update or correct the guest-image OS profile used by the detection and analysis behavioral engine.</p> <p>The updateimage command will update the guest images from the Juniper ATP Appliance update servers or a USB drive attached to the Juniper ATP Appliance.</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core-CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine

Mode(s)	Core		
Syntax	updateimage		
Parameters	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>built-in</td> <td>Updates the guest-image on the detection Engine.</td> </tr> </table>	built-in	Updates the guest-image on the detection Engine.
built-in	Updates the guest-image on the detection Engine.		
Example	<p>The following example performs a built-in profile update for the Core detection engine.</p> <pre>JATP (core)# updateimage built-in Installing image SC-XP-20150617.img... Previous version of SC-XP-20150617.img exists. Checking integrity... Image SC-XP-20150617.img is already installed Installing image SC-W7-20150521.img... Previous version of SC-W7-20150521.img exists. Checking integrity... Image SC-W7-20150521.img is already installed</pre>		

wizard

Table 37: wizard

Description	Enters the Configuration Wizard. For Configuration Wizard commands and response, see “Configuration Wizard for the All-in-One Server” in the next section to follow command prompts and recommended responses.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core/CM Collector Mac Mini Mac OS X
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	wizard

Parameters	None
Example	The following command starts the configuration wizard. hostname # wizard

Configuration Wizard for the All-in-One Server

Table 38: Configuration Wizard for All-in-One Server

Configuration Wizard Prompts	Customer Response Actions
<p>Use DHCP to obtain the IP address and DNS server address for the administrative interface (Yes/No)?</p> <p>Note: Only if your DHCP response is no ,enter the following information when prompted:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. IP address (no CIDR format) 2. Netmask 3. Enter a gateway IP address for this management (administrative) interface: 4. Enter primary DNS server IP address. 5. Do you have a secondary DNS Server (Yes/No). 6. Do you want to enter the search domains? 7. Enter the search domain (separate multiple search domains by space): <p>Restart the administrative interface (Yes/No)?</p>	<p>We strongly discourage the use of DHCP addressing because it changes dynamically. A static IP address is preferred.</p> <p>Recommended: Respond with no:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Enter an IP address 2. Enter a netmask using the form 255.255.255.0. 3. Enter a gateway IP address. 4. Enter the DNS server IP address 5. If yes enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server. 6. Enter yes if you want DNS lookups to use a specific domain. 7. Enter search domain(s) separated by spaces; for example: example.com lan.com dom2.com <p>Enter yes to restart with the new configuration settings applied.</p>

<p>Enter a valid hostname.</p>	<p>Type a hostname when prompted; do not include the domain; for example: JuniperATP1.</p> <p>NOTE: Only alphanumeric characters and hyphens (in the middle of the hostname) are allowed.</p>
<p>[OPTIONAL]</p> <p>If the system detects a Secondary Core with an eth2 port, then the alternate CnC exhaust option is displayed:</p> <p>Use alternate-exhaust for the analysis engine exhaust traffic (Yes/No)?</p> <p>Enter IP address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface:</p> <p>Enter netmask for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 255.255.0.0)</p> <p>Enter gateway IP Address for the alternateexhaust (eth2) interface: (example:10.6.0.1)</p> <p>Enter primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 8.8.8.8)</p> <p>Do you have a secondary DNS server for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface?</p> <p>Do you want to enter the search domains for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface?</p> <p>NOTE: A complete network interface restart can take more than 60 seconds</p>	<p>Refer to “Configuring an Alternate Analysis Engine Interface” in the Juniper ATP Appliance Operator’s Guide for more information.</p> <p>Enter yes to configure an alternate eth2 interface.</p> <p>Enter the IP address for the eth2 interface.</p> <p>Enter the eth2 netmask.</p> <p>Enter the gateway IP address.</p> <p>Enter the primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface.</p> <p>Enter yes or no to confirm or deny an eth2 secondary DNS server.</p> <p>Enter yes or no to indicate whether you want to enter search domain.</p>
<p>Regenerate the SSL self-signed certificate (Yes/No)?</p>	<p>Enter yes to create a new SSL certificate for the Juniper ATP Appliance Server Web UI.</p>

SEE ALSO

[Core/CM Server CLI Commands | 59](#)

[Traffic Collector CLI Commands | 137](#)

Core/CM Server CLI Commands

IN THIS SECTION

- [Basic Mode Commands | 59](#)
- [CM Commands | 60](#)
- [Core Mode Commands | 60](#)
- [Server Mode Commands | 60](#)
- [Diagnosis Mode Commands | 61](#)
- [CoreCM CLI Commands | 62](#)
- [Configuration Wizard for the CoreCM Server | 103](#)

This chapter describes the commands for available for Juniper ATP Appliance Core/CM or vCore servers. These commands are used to configure devices and software, manage security events, and show system information and status.

You must enclose non-alphabet characters in double quotes in CLI commands.

Basic Mode Commands

Use general system commands to configure the appliance, view appliance history, enter other CLI modes, obtain help with CLI syntax, and to exit the CLI session.

The general commands are:

- ["cm" on page 64](#)
- ["core" on page 64](#)
- ["diagnosis" on page 66](#)
- ["exit" on page 66](#)
- ["help" on page 68](#)
- ["history" on page 69](#)

- ["server" on page 77](#)
- ["wizard" on page 102](#)

Refer to the respective sections in this guide to review Diagnosis Mode, CM Mode, Collector Mode and Server Mode commands per product device.

CM Commands

- ["exit" on page 66](#)
- ["help" on page 68](#)
- ["history" on page 69](#)
- ["upgrade" on page 101](#)

Core Mode Commands

- ["exit" on page 66](#)
- ["help" on page 68](#)
- ["history" on page 69](#)
- ["set \(core mode\)" on page 76](#)
- ["show \(core mode\)" on page 84](#)
- ["updateimage" on page 101](#)

Server Mode Commands

- ["exit" on page 66](#)
- ["help" on page 68](#)
- ["history" on page 69](#)
- ["ifrestart" on page 70](#)

- ["ping" on page 71](#)
- ["reboot" on page 72](#)
- ["restart" on page 73](#)
- ["restore" on page 75](#)
- ["set \(server mode\)" on page 78](#)
- ["set appliance-type \(server mode\)" on page 81](#)
- ["server" on page 77](#)
- ["show \(server mode\)" on page 88](#)
- ["shutdown" on page 99](#)
- ["traceroute" on page 54](#)
- ["upgrade" on page 101](#)

Diagnosis Mode Commands

- ["capture-start" on page 63](#)
- ["copy" on page 65](#)
- ["exit" on page 66](#)
- ["gssreport" on page 67](#)
- ["help" on page 68](#)
- ["history" on page 69](#)
- ["set \(diagnosis mode\)" on page 82](#)
- ["setupcheck" on page 83](#)
- ["show \(diagnosis mode\)" on page 86](#)

CoreCM CLI Commands

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capture-start

Table 39: capture-start

Description	Starts packet capture as a means for diagnosing and debugging network traffic and obtaining stats. See Also:[mode];
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	capture-start
Parameters	<IP address> <interface_name>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following example starts a packet capture process on interface eth1 for a Traffic Collector with IP address 8.8.8.8:</p> <pre>hostname # diagnosis</pre> <pre>hostname (diagnosis)# capture-start 8.8.8.8 eth1</pre> <p>NOTE: Note: Address 8.8.8.8 need not be a Juniper ATP Appliance. It is just a host that the capture filters on.</p>

cm

Table 40: cm

Description	Enters cm (Central Manager) mode. See Also: basic [mode];
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	cm
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	exit help history upgrade
Example	The following command example enters cm configuration mode: hostname # cm hostname (cm)#

core

Table 41: core

Description	Enters core mode. See Also: basic [mode];
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic

Syntax	core
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	exit, help, history, show, updateimage
Example	<p>The following command example enters core configuration mode:</p> <pre>hostname # core hostname (core)#</pre>

copy

Table 42: copy

Description	<p>Uses Secure Copy (SCP) to copy and transfer packet capture or traceback (crash) data to a remote location, providing the same authentication and level of security as an SSH transfer.</p> <p>The copy traceback command, upon Customer Support's request, copies the traceback files out of the box to a remote location.</p> <p>See Also:[mode];</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core-CM Mac OSX Engine
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	<pre>copy capture <scp source_file_name username@destination_host:destination_folder> traceback {<tab> ALL} <string URI as user@hostname:path</pre>
Parameters	<pre>copy capture <scp remote filename_location> copy traceback <ALL filename> copy traceback <tab> [tab displays all available crash filenames]</pre>
Sub-Commands	None

Mode(s)	Basic Core Collector Diagnosis Server
Syntax	exit
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following example ends a command mode or CLI session.</p> <pre>JATP# (diagnosis) exit JATP#</pre>

gssreport

Table 45: gssreport

Description	<p>Use the gssreport command to submit reports to Juniper Global Security Services (GSS), and to display the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>See Also: [mode]</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	gssreport status submit
Parameters	<p>status - displays the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>submit - submits a report to Juniper ATP Appliance GSS.</p>
Sub-Commands	None

Example

The following examples display the status of a GSS report submission:

```
hostname # diagnosis
hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport submit
Successfully started GSS report

hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport status
GSS is currently enabled
Last 5-minute GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.414322:
successfully submitted
Last hourly GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.468259:
successfully submitted
Last daily GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:28.225512:
successfully submitted
```

help**Table 46: help**

Description	Displays information about the CLI help system.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Core Collector Diagnosis Server
Syntax	help
Parameters	None

Example

The following example shows some of the output of the help command.

CONTEXT SENSITIVE HELP

[?] - Display context sensitive help. This is either a list of possible command completions with summaries, or the full syntax of the current command. A subsequent repeat of this key, when a command has been resolved, will display a detailed reference.

AUTO-COMPLETION

The following keys both perform auto-completion for the current command line. If the command prefix is not unique then the bell will ring and a subsequent repeat of the key will display possible completions.

[enter] - Auto-completes, syntax-checks then executes a command. If there is a syntax error then offending part of the command line will be highlighted and explained.

[tab] - Auto-completes

[space] - Auto-completes, or if the command is already resolved inserts a space.

If "<cr>" is shown, that means that what you have entered so far is a complete command, and you may press Enter (carriage return) to execute it.

Use ? to learn command parameters and option:

JATP (server)# show f?

firewall Show the firewall configuration settings
interface

JATP (server)# show firewall?

all Show the current iptables settings
whitelist Show the iptables whitelist settings
show firewall whitelist?

<cr>

show firewall whitelist

history

Table 47: history

Description	Displays the current CLI session command line history.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine

Mode(s)	Basic Core Collector Diagnosis Server
Syntax	history
Parameters	None
Example	The following examples returns command line history for the current CLI session. JATP# (core) history

ifrestart

Table 48: ifrestart

Description	Restarts the interface driver and services using the interface.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	ifrestart eth0 eth1
Parameters	eth0 Restarts the management network administra interface. eth1 Restarts the monitoring network interface.
Example	The following example restarts the eth0 interface for the management network. <FireEye_name># ifrestart eth0

ping

Table 49: ping

Description	Sends ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) echo request packets to a specified host name or IP address to verify that the destination is reachable over the network.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server	
Syntax	ping [-c count] [-h hops] [string]	
Parameters	-ccount	Number of echo requests to send. By default, pings are continuously until you press Ctrl+C.
	-hhops	Number of next hops between pings (default is 1).
	string	IP address, hostname or interface name used to ping device address
Example	<p>The following example sends three echo requests to the device with the IP Address 10.10.10.1</p> <pre><FireEye_name># ping -c 3 10.10.10.1</pre> <pre>PING 10.10.10.1 (10.10.10.1) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=1 ttl=64 time=0.314 ms 64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=2 ttl=64 time=0.277 ms 64 bytes from v: icmp_req=3 ttl=64 time=0.274 m</pre> <pre>--- 10.10.10.1 ping statistics --- 3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 1999ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.274/0.288/0.314/0.022 ms</pre>	

reboot

Table 50: reboot

Description	Reboots the Juniper ATP Appliance.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	reboot
Parameters	None
Example	The following example reboots the system. hostname# reboot

reset-admin-password

Table 51: reset-admin-password

Description	A sudo user named “recovery” uses this command to reset the admin password. This user will not require any password and can only login on a physical device, not using ssh login.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	recovery
Parameters	exit help history reset-admin-password

Example	<p>The following example resets the admin password.</p> <pre>customer login: recovery</pre> <p>NOTE: Since passwords do not sync across devices, you must perform this reset manually on all ATP Appliance devices.</p>
---------	--

restart

Table 52: restart

Description	Restarts Juniper ATP Appliance services.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	restart [all behaviorengine cm collector core correlationengine database ntpserver sshserver staticengine webservice]

Parameters	all	Restarts all Juniper ATP Appliance services.
	behaviorengine	Restarts the Behavioral Analysis Engine
	cm	Restarts the Central Manager Web UI service.
	collector	Restarts the Collector service.
	core	Restarts the Core Detection Engine.
	correlationengine	Restarts the Correlation Engine.
	database	Restarts the Database.
	ntpserver	Restarts the NTP server.
	sshserver	Restarts the SSH server.
	staticengine	Restarts the Static Analysis Engine.
	webserver	Restarts the web server.
Example	<p>The following example restarts the Central manager service.</p> <pre>JATP# restart cm</pre>	

restore

Table 53: restore

Description	Restores the system configuration to the factory default settings. This will only reset the password to default temporarily.									
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine									
Mode(s)	server									
Syntax	<pre>restore [support firewall {backup default} hostname network]</pre> <p>Allowlist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case.</p>									
Parameters	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>support</td> <td>Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# "set (server mode)" on page 78</td> </tr> <tr> <td>firewall {backup default}</td> <td>Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>hostname</td> <td>Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>network</td> <td>Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings. WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.</td> </tr> </table>		support	Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# " set (server mode) " on page 78	firewall {backup default}	Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.	hostname	Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.	network	Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings. WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.
support	Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# " set (server mode) " on page 78									
firewall {backup default}	Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.									
hostname	Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.									
network	Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings. WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.									
<p>NOTE: vCore for AWS does not use the following CLI commands: restore hostname restore network</p>										

Example

The following example restores the system.

```
JATP# restore
```

This next example restores the SSH login “support” password to the default

```
JATP # restore support password
Restore the default support password? (Yes/No)? yes
support password was restored successfully!
```

set (core mode)

Table 54: set

Description	Resets the Secondary Core UUID, if the virtual core is cloned.
Product(s) CLI	Core/CM (Virtual Core)
Mode(s)	Core (for Virtual Core configurations)
Syntax	set id
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following example sets the Virtual Core appliance id:</p> <pre>hostname # core hostname (core) # set id <cr></pre>

server

Table 55: server

Description	Enters the server configuration mode.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core/CM Mac Mini Mac OS X
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	server
Sub-Commands	<p>;;;;;;</p> <p>Whitelist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case.</p>
Example	<p>The following example enters server configuration mode:</p> <pre>hostname # server hostname (server) # ?</pre>

set system-alert (server mode)

Table 56: set system-alert

Description	<p>Configure the traffic threshold and checking interval for the Collector “monitored traffic” health status.</p> <p>When the monitored traffic of a collector within the checking interval time is lower than the threshold, a system health alert is generated. You can send an email notification of the alert if email notifications of system health events are configured.</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM
Mode(s)	Server, See Also:; set (collector mode); show

Syntax	<pre>set system-alert traffic <integer> time <interval></pre> <p>NOTE: Note that both "traffic" and "time" parameters are required in order to set the threshold for both the minimum traffic and time.</p>
Parameters	<p>traffic - the minimum traffic (in KB)</p> <p>interval - the checking interval (in minutes)</p>
Example	<pre>JATP (server) # set system-alert traffic 100 time 30</pre> <p>This example sets the system alert such that, if the total monitored traffic of a collector within the last 30 minutes dips lower than 100KB, then a system health alert will be generated (and users will receive an email notification of the alert if email notifications are configured for system health events).</p> <p>By default this alert is disabled, and users must set the minimum traffic and interval in order to enable it. Also note that all bytes seen on Ethernet frames are counted in the traffic.</p> <p>The minimum interval for the "set system-alert traffic" time interval command is 10 minutes. If the minimum interval is set to less than 10 minutes, no alerts will be triggered.</p>

set (server mode)

Table 57: set

Description	Configure the system settings.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server, See Also: ; ;

Syntax

```
set [autoupdate {on | off} | cli timeout secs | clock | cm  
address | cysupport {enable | disable} localmode {enable |  
disable}| passphrase string | dns | firewall {all <backup |  
flush> | whitelist} | hostname string | ip interface {management  
| alternate-exhaust}| ntpserver | password | proxy {config |  
enabled | remove} | timezone string | uipassword]
```

Parameters

NOTE: vCore for AWS does not use the following CLI commands:

```
set ip
```

```
set hostname
```

[Users cannot set static IP address or change the hostname directly on an EC2 AWS instance]

(See columns below)

<pre> autoupdate {content software} {on off} cli secs clock cm address set cysupport {enable disable} {localmode} dns firewall {all <backup flush> whitelist <add delete flush>} hostname string ip interface {management alternateexhaust} <dhcp address netmask gateway> </pre>	<p>Turn on or off automatic product updates.</p> <pre>set autoupdate content on</pre> <p>Sets CLI period in seconds (0 indicates no timeout).</p> <p>Sets the current date and time.</p> <p>Sets the IP address of the Central Manager and netmask using slash notation; ex: AAA.BBB.CCC.DD/X</p> <p>Enables remote SSH login “support” account or localmode enable/disable.</p> <p>Sets DNS (or enables DHCP for DNS) for the management interface by default if interface is unspecified.</p> <p>Backs up or flushes (clears) all current iptables for a firewall, or adds, deletes or flushes the current iptables allowlist-specific settings for the firewall.</p> <p>The “add” option adds an IP address to the iptables outbound allowlist.</p> <pre># set firewall whitelist add 10.1.1.1</pre> <p>Sets the system’s host name.</p> <p>Sets the IP address, netmask, or default gateway, or enables DHCP for the management or alternate-exhaust interface.</p>
<pre> ntpserver passphrase string password </pre>	<p>Sets the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.</p> <p>Sets the device key password; enter a string.</p> <p>Sets a new password for the CLI administrator.</p>
<pre> proxy {config <all http> enable <on off> remove <all http>} </pre>	<p>Config, enable/disable, or remove “all” proxy configs, or remove an HTTP-specific proxy server.</p> <p>TIP: Config the proxy for “all” protocols first, and then change HTTP proxy as needed.</p>

timezone string	Sets the timezone for the device.
uipassword	Sets a new admin password for CM Web UI access.
Examples	<p>The following example enables a proxy server.</p> <pre>JATP (server)# set proxy enable on</pre>

set appliance-type (server mode)

Table 58: set appliance-type

Description	Change the appliance type at any time. For example, change from All-In-One to Core/CM. Note that if you change the appliance type after the initial installation, all data files related to the current type are lost and you must set up the appliance as you would a fresh box.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Collector
Mode(s)	server
Syntax	<pre>jatp:AI0#(server)# set appliance-type core-cm</pre>
Parameters	<pre>all-in-one</pre> <hr/> <pre>core-cm</pre> <hr/> <pre>email-collector</pre> <hr/> <pre>traffic-collector</pre> <hr/>

Example

The following example changes the form factor of the appliance from all-in-one (the default) to core-cm:

```
jatp:AI0#(server)# set appliance-type core-cm
```

This will result in the deletion of all data and configurations not relevant to the new form factor.

```
Proceed? (Yes/No)? Yes
```

set (diagnosis mode)

Table 59: set

Description	Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode. See Also:
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	set logging all

Parameters	all	Sets logging for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.
	default	Sets logging to the default parameters
	debug	Sets logging at the debug level.
	info	Sets logging at the info level.
	warning	Sets logging at the warning level.
	error	Sets logging at the error level.
	critical	Sets logging at the critical level.
	Example	<p>The following example sets the default logging level for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.</p> <pre>JATP# set logging all</pre>

setupcheck

Table 60: setupcheck

Description	Checks and reports on basic configuration settings and analysis pipeline setup.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	setupcheck {all report basic analysis}

Parameters	<p>all Checks both basic settings and analysis pipelin</p> <p>report Shows report of last setupcheck.</p> <p>basic Checks basic configuration settings.</p> <p>analysis Checks the analysis pipeline.</p>
Example	<p>The following example checks all basic configuration settings as well as the analysis pipeline:</p> <p>JATP (diagnosis) # setupcheck all</p>

show (core mode)

Table 61: show

Description	<p>Displays the guest image(s) status or allowlist statistics.</p> <p>See Also;; show (diagnostic mode)</p>
Product(s) CLI	See Also: shutdown; show (diagnostic mode)
Mode(s)	Core
Syntax	show

Parameters	images	Displays guest image update and status information.
	whitelist	<p>Displays the name, hit count and the time of last hit of a user configured allowlist.</p> <p>Note that when a allowlist rule is deleted, it will be removed from the list. Updates to existing rule are not affected by the presence of the rule in the output, but hit count could increment. Further, more than one rule can be hit by a single incident.</p>
	alternate-exhaustinterface	Displays the status of the alternate exhaust interface eth2.

Example

The following example demonstrates the show images command usage:

```
JATP(core)# show images
```

The following example demonstrates the show whitelist command usage:

```
JATP(core)# show whitelist
```

```
JATP(core)# show whitelist
```

Rule Name	Hit Count	Local Time of Last Hit
URI1	10	Wed Sep 2 18:16:55 2015
URI2	10	Wed Sep 2 18:16:55 2015
URI3	10	Wed Sep 2 18:16:55 2015
greatfilesarey	49	Wed Sep 2 18:20:00 2015

The following example shows how to get the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2) status:

```
JATP(core)# show alternate-exhaust interface
```

show (diagnosis mode)

Description	Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode. See Also:
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis

Syntax	show	
Parameters	device {collectorstatus corestatus slavecorestatus}	Display connected device statistics for Traffic Collector, CoreCM, or Mac Mini Detection Engine Secondary "backup core."
	protocol {web email}	Displays the session counts for network web or email protocols.
	objects	Displays the current number of file objects.
	logging	Displays the currently-configured logging level. See Also: set traffic-filter (collector mode) logging
	log error traceback	Displays only the tracebacks (if any) generated by Juniper ATP Appliance OS process error logs. A traceback is a stack of functions that were executing when an error condition was encountered.
	log error last <integer: number of lines to display>	Displays n [1-1000] lines of the contents of the common log file.
		Example: show log error last 12

Example

The following example displays the connected Traffic Collector status.

```
JATP(diagnosis)# show device collectorstatus
<cr>
```

```
JATP (diagnosis)# show device collectorstatus WEB_COLLECTOR
```

```
IP : 10.2.9.68
Enabled : True
Last Seen : 2015-07-25 15:13:17.967000-07:00
Install Date : 2015-06-25 19:03:38-07:00
```

```
IP : 10.2.20.3
Enabled : True
Last Seen : 2015-07-28 11:07:42.046000-07:00
Install Date : 2013-11-14 09:25:39-08:00
```

This example displays the log error traceback

```
JATP(diagnosis)# show log error traceback
<cr>
```

show (server mode)

Table 62: show

Description	Display configurations and status information.
Product(s)CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server, See Also:

Syntax	show
Parameters (See Tables below)	
autoupdate	Show the automatic update setting.
cli timeout	Show the CLI timeout setting.
clock	Show the current date and time.
cm	Show the Central Manager IP address.
controller	Show the driver state for interfaces.
cysupport	Show the remote SSH login support status.
description	Show the server or system description.
devicekey	Show the device key.
devicetype	Show the device type.
dns	Show the DNS servers settings.

eula	Show the End User License Agreement.
firewall [all < whitelist]	Show the firewall configuration settings.
hostname	Show the system's host name.
interface [management monitoring alternateexhaust]	Show information about the management (administrative) network interface eth0, or the monitoring interface (eth1), or the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2).
See Also: show controller	Show the IP address of the management (administrative) interface eth0.
ip	Results may show both private and public IP addresses if the AWS vCore has a public IP.
name	Show the server name.
ntpserver	Show the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server settings.
proxy	Shows the proxy configuration for the management network. Show system statistics:
See also show (collector mode) for show proxy inside/outside data path	cpuload shows average CPU load in the system for running processes in the last 1, 5 and 15 min intervals.

<code>stats [cpuload disk memory]</code>	<p>disk shows the disk space usage in the system.</p> <p>memory shows the system memory usage.</p> <p><code>show stats cpuload (0.06,0.13,0.13)</code></p>
<code>system-alert</code>	<p>Shows the current set system-alert settings.</p>


```
set timezone
```

Shows the list of available timezones as displayed below.

Africa/Abidjan	Africa/Accra	Africa/
Addis_Ababa	Africa/Algiers	Africa/
Asmara	Africa/Asmera	
Africa/Bamako	Africa/Bangui	Africa/
Banjul	Africa/Bissau	Africa/
Blantyre	Africa/Brazzaville	
Africa/Bujumbura	Africa/Cairo	Africa/
Casablanca	Africa/Ceuta	Africa/
Conakry	Africa/Dakar	
Africa/Dar_es_Salaam	Africa/Djibouti	Africa/
Douala	Africa/EL_Aaiun	Africa/
Freetown	Africa/Gaborone	
Africa/Harare	Africa/Johannesburg	Africa/
Juba	Africa/Kampala	Africa/
Khartoum	Africa/Kigali	
Africa/Kinshasa	Africa/Lagos	Africa/
Libreville	Africa/Lome	Africa/
Luanda	Africa/Lubumbashi	
Africa/Lusaka	Africa/Malabo	Africa/
Maputo	Africa/Maseru	Africa/
Mbabane	Africa/Mogadishu	
Africa/Monrovia	Africa/Nairobi	Africa/
Ndjamena	Africa/Niamey	Africa/
Nouakchott	Africa/Ouagadougou	
Africa/Porto-Novo	Africa/Sao_Tome	Africa/
Timbuktu	Africa/Tripoli	Africa/
Tunis	Africa/Windhoek	
America/Adak	America/Anchorage	America/
Anguilla	America/Antigua	America/
Araguaina	America/Argentina/Buenos_Aires	
America/Argentina/Catamarca	America/Argentina/ComodRivadavia	America/
Argentina/Cordoba	America/Argentina/Jujuy	America/
Argentina/La_Rioja	America/Argentina/Mendoza	
America/Argentina/Rio_Gallegos	America/Argentina/Salta	America/
Argentina/San_Juan	America/Argentina/San_Luis	America/
Argentina/Tucuman	America/Argentina/Ushuaia	
America/Aruba	America/Asuncion	America/
Atikokan	America/Atka	America/
Bahia	America/Bahia_Banderas	
America/Barbados	America/Belem	America/
Belize	America/Blanc-Sablon	America/
Boa_Vista	America/Bogota	
America/Boise	America/Buenos_Aires	America/
Cambridge_Bay	America/Campo_Grande	America/

Cancun	America/Caracas	
America/Catamarca	America/Cayenne	America/
Cayman	America/Chicago	America/
Chihuahua	America/Coral_Harbour	
America/Cordoba	America/Costa_Rica	America/
Creston	America/Cuiaba	America/
Curacao	America/Danmarkshavn	
America/Dawson	America/Dawson_Creek	America/
Denver	America/Detroit	America/
Dominica	America/Edmonton	
America/Eirunepe	America/El_Salvador	America/
Ensenada	America/Fort_Nelson	America/
Fort_Wayne	America/Fortaleza	
America/Glace_Bay	America/Godthab	America/
Goose_Bay	America/Grand_Turk	America/
Grenada	America/Guadeloupe	
America/Guatemala	America/Guayaquil	America/
Guyana	America/Halifax	America/
Havana	America/Hermosillo	
America/Indiana/Indianapolis	America/Indiana/Knox	America/
Indiana/Marengo	America/Indiana/Petersburg	America/Indiana/
Tell_City	America/Indiana/Vevay	
America/Indiana/Vincennes	America/Indiana/Winamac	America/
Indianapolis	America/Inuvik	America/
Iqaluit	America/Jamaica	
America/Jujuy	America/Juneau	America/
Kentucky/Louisville	America/Kentucky/Monticello	America/
Knox_IN	America/Kralendijk	
America/La_Paz	America/Lima	America/
Los_Angeles	America/Louisville	America/
Lower_Princes	America/Maceio	
America/Managua	America/Manaus	America/
Marigot	America/Martinique	America/
Matamoros	America/Mazatlan	
America/Mendoza	America/Menominee	America/
Merida	America/Metlakatla	America/
Mexico_City	America/Miquelon	
America/Moncton	America/Monterrey	America/
Montevideo	America/Montreal	America/
Montserrat	America/Nassau	
America/New_York	America/Nipigon	America/
Nome	America/Noronha	America/
North_Dakota/Beulah	America/North_Dakota/Center	
America/North_Dakota/New_Salem	America/Nuuk	America/
Ojinaga	America/Panama	America/
Pangnirtung	America/Paramaribo	

America/Phoenix	America/Port-au-Prince	America/
Port_of_Spain	America/Porto_Acre	America/
Porto_Velho	America/Puerto_Rico	
America/Punta_Arenas	America/Rainy_River	America/
Rankin_Inlet	America/Recife	America/
Regina	America/Resolute	
America/Rio_Branco	America/Rosario	America/
Santa_Isabel	America/Santarem	America/
Santiago	America/Santo_Domingo	
America/Sao_Paulo	America/Scoresbysund	America/
Shiprock	America/Sitka	America/
St_Barthelemy	America/St_Johns	
America/St_Kitts	America/St_Lucia	America/
St_Thomas	America/St_Vincent	America/
Swift_Current	America/Tegucigalpa	
America/Thule	America/Thunder_Bay	America/
Tijuana	America/Toronto	America/
Tortola	America/Vancouver	
America/Virgin	America/Whitehorse	America/
Winnipeg	America/Yakutat	America/
Yellowknife	Antarctica/Casey	
Antarctica/Davis	Antarctica/DumontDURville	
Antarctica/Macquarie	Antarctica/Mawson	
Antarctica/McMurdo	Antarctica/Palmer	
Antarctica/Rothera	Antarctica/South_Pole	
Antarctica/Syowa	Antarctica/Troll	
Antarctica/Vostok	Arctic/Longyearbyen	
Asia/Aden	Asia/Almaty	Asia/
Amman	Asia/Anadyr	Asia/
Aqtau	Asia/Aqtobe	
Asia/Ashgabat	Asia/Ashkhabad	Asia/
Atyrau	Asia/Baghdad	Asia/
Bahrain	Asia/Baku	
Asia/Bangkok	Asia/Barnaul	Asia/
Beirut	Asia/Bishkek	Asia/
Brunei	Asia/Calcutta	
Asia/Chita	Asia/Choibalsan	Asia/
Chongqing	Asia/Chungking	Asia/
Colombo	Asia/Dacca	
Asia/Damascus	Asia/Dhaka	Asia/
Dili	Asia/Dubai	Asia/
Dushanbe	Asia/Famagusta	
Asia/Gaza	Asia/Harbin	Asia/
Hebron	Asia/Ho_Chi_Minh	Asia/
Hong_Kong	Asia/Hovd	
Asia/Irkutsk	Asia/Istanbul	Asia/

Jakarta	Asia/Jayapura	Asia/
Jerusalem	Asia/Kabul	
Asia/Kamchatka	Asia/Karachi	Asia/
Kashgar	Asia/Kathmandu	Asia/
Katmandu	Asia/Khandyga	
Asia/Kolkata	Asia/Krasnoyarsk	Asia/
Kuala_Lumpur	Asia/Kuching	Asia/
Kuwait	Asia/Macao	
Asia/Macau	Asia/Magadan	Asia/
Makassar	Asia/Manila	Asia/
Muscat	Asia/Nicosia	
Asia/Novokuznetsk	Asia/Novosibirsk	Asia/
Omsk	Asia/Oral	Asia/
Phnom_Penh	Asia/Pontianak	
Asia/Pyongyang	Asia/Qatar	Asia/
Qostanay	Asia/Qyzylorda	Asia/
Rangoon	Asia/Riyadh	
Asia/Saigon	Asia/Sakhalin	Asia/
Samarkand	Asia/Seoul	Asia/
Shanghai	Asia/Singapore	
Asia/Srednekolymsk	Asia/Taipei	Asia/
Tashkent	Asia/Tbilisi	Asia/
Tehran	Asia/Tel_Aviv	
Asia/Thimbu	Asia/Thimphu	Asia/
Tokyo	Asia/Tomsk	Asia/
Ujung_Pandang	Asia/Ulaanbaatar	
Asia/Ulan_Bator	Asia/Urumqi	Asia/Ust-
Nera	Asia/Vientiane	Asia/
Vladivostok	Asia/Yakutsk	
Asia/Yangon	Asia/Yekaterinburg	Asia/
Yerevan	Atlantic/Azores	Atlantic/
Bermuda	Atlantic/Canary	
Atlantic/Cape_Verde	Atlantic/Faeroe	Atlantic/
Faroe	Atlantic/Jan_Mayen	Atlantic/
Madeira	Atlantic/Reykjavik	
Atlantic/South_Georgia	Atlantic/St_Helena	Atlantic/
Stanley	Australia/ACT	Australia/
Adelaide	Australia/Brisbane	
Australia/Broken_Hill	Australia/Canberra	
Australia/Currie	Australia/Darwin	
Australia/Eucla	Australia/Hobart	
Australia/LHI	Australia/Lindeman	
Australia/Lord_Howe	Australia/Melbourne	
Australia/NSW	Australia/North	
Australia/Perth	Australia/Queensland	
Australia/South	Australia/Sydney	

Australia/Tasmania	Australia/Victoria	
Australia/West	Australia/Yancowinna	Brazil/
Acre	Brazil/DeNoronha	Brazil/
East	Brazil/West	
Canada/Atlantic	Canada/Central	Canada/
Eastern	Canada/Mountain	Canada/
Newfoundland	Canada/Pacific	
Canada/Saskatchewan	Canada/Yukon	Chile/
Continental	Chile/EasterIsland	Etc/
GMT	Etc/GMT+0	
Etc/GMT+1	Etc/GMT+10	Etc/GMT
+11	Etc/GMT+12	Etc/GMT
+2	Etc/GMT+3	
Etc/GMT+4	Etc/GMT+5	Etc/GMT
+6	Etc/GMT+7	Etc/GMT
+8	Etc/GMT+9	
Etc/GMT-0	Etc/GMT-1	Etc/
GMT-10	Etc/GMT-11	Etc/
GMT-12	Etc/GMT-13	
Etc/GMT-14	Etc/GMT-2	Etc/
GMT-3	Etc/GMT-4	Etc/
GMT-5	Etc/GMT-6	
Etc/GMT-7	Etc/GMT-8	Etc/
GMT-9	Etc/GMT0	Etc/
Greenwich	Etc/UCT	
Etc/UTC	Etc/Universal	Etc/
Zulu	Europe/Amsterdam	Europe/
Andorra	Europe/Astrakhan	
Europe/Athens	Europe/Belfast	Europe/
Belgrade	Europe/Berlin	Europe/
Bratislava	Europe/Brussels	
Europe/Bucharest	Europe/Budapest	Europe/
Busingen	Europe/Chisinau	Europe/
Copenhagen	Europe/Dublin	
Europe/Gibraltar	Europe/Guernsey	Europe/
Helsinki	Europe/Isle_of_Man	Europe/
Istanbul	Europe/Jersey	
Europe/Kaliningrad	Europe/Kiev	Europe/
Kirov	Europe/Lisbon	Europe/
Ljubljana	Europe/London	
Europe/Luxembourg	Europe/Madrid	Europe/
Malta	Europe/Mariehamn	Europe/
Minsk	Europe/Monaco	
Europe/Moscow	Europe/Nicosia	Europe/
Oslo	Europe/Paris	Europe/
Podgorica	Europe/Prague	

Europe/Riga	Europe/Rome	Europe/
Samara	Europe/San_Marino	Europe/
Sarajevo	Europe/Saratov	
Europe/Simferopol	Europe/Skopje	Europe/
Sofia	Europe/Stockholm	Europe/
Tallinn	Europe/Tirane	
Europe/Tiraspol	Europe/Ulyanovsk	Europe/
Uzhgorod	Europe/Vaduz	Europe/
Vatican	Europe/Vienna	
Europe/Vilnius	Europe/Volgograd	Europe/
Warsaw	Europe/Zagreb	Europe/
Zaporozhye	Europe/Zurich	
Indian/Antananarivo	Indian/Chagos	Indian/
Christmas	Indian/Cocos	Indian/
Comoro	Indian/Kerguelen	
Indian/Mahe	Indian/Maldives	Indian/
Mauritius	Indian/Mayotte	Indian/
Reunion	Mexico/BajaNorte	
Mexico/BajaSur	Mexico/General	Pacific/
Apia	Pacific/Auckland	Pacific/
Bougainville	Pacific/Chatham	
Pacific/Chuuk	Pacific/Easter	Pacific/
Efate	Pacific/Enderbury	Pacific/
Fakaofu	Pacific/Fiji	
Pacific/Funafuti	Pacific/Galapagos	Pacific/
Gambier	Pacific/Guadalcanal	Pacific/
Guam	Pacific/Honolulu	
Pacific/Johnston	Pacific/Kiritimati	Pacific/
Kosrae	Pacific/Kwajalein	Pacific/
Majuro	Pacific/Marquesas	
Pacific/Midway	Pacific/Nauru	Pacific/
Niue	Pacific/Norfolk	Pacific/
Noumea	Pacific/Pago_Pago	
Pacific/Palau	Pacific/Pitcairn	Pacific/
Pohnpei	Pacific/Ponape	Pacific/
Port_Moresby	Pacific/Rarotonga	
Pacific/Saipan	Pacific/Samoa	Pacific/
Tahiti	Pacific/Tarawa	Pacific/
Tongatapu	Pacific/Truk	
Pacific/Wake	Pacific/Wallis	Pacific/
Yap	SystemV/AST4	SystemV/
AST4ADT	SystemV/CST6	
SystemV/CST6CDT	SystemV/EST5	SystemV/
EST5EDT	SystemV/HST10	SystemV/
MST7	SystemV/MST7MDT	
SystemV/PST8	SystemV/PST8PDT	SystemV/

	<pre> YST9 SystemV/YST9YDT US/ Alaska US/Aleutian US/Arizona US/Central US/East- Indiana US/Eastern US/ Hawaii US/Indiana-Starke US/Michigan US/Mountain US/ Pacific US/Pacific-New US/Samoa </pre>
<pre> timezone {US/Eastern US/ Central US/ Mountain </pre>	<p>Show the current timezone; example:</p> <pre> set timezone US/Pacific </pre> <p>TIP:</p> <pre> set timezone <tab> shows options. </pre>
<pre> uptime </pre>	<p>Show how long the system has been running.</p>
<pre> uuid </pre>	<p>Show the system UUID (universally unique ID).</p>
<pre> version </pre>	<p>Show Juniper ATP Appliance software and content security versions:</p>

Example

The following example displays information about the CoreCM server device type:

```
CoreCM(server)# show devicetype
Device type: cm, core
```

The following example requests data about the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2):

```
CoreCM(server)# show interface alternate-exhaust
```

The following example shows details about the Collector's monitoring interface (eth1):

```
CoreCM(server)# show interface monitoring
Interface: monitoring (eth1) Enabled: Yes Link: Yes
IP Address: unknown Mask: unknown MTU: 1500
MAC Address: 90:d6:1f:22:70:g6 Speed: 1000Mb/s Duplex:
```

```
Full
Auto-negotiation: Yes Medium: Copper
RX packets: 1869032424 Bytes: 1716560257902 Errors: 0
```

```
Overruns: 0
TX packets: 409287 Bytes: 44607401 Errors: 0 Overruns: 0
Traffic rate for the last 5 seconds/1 minute/5 minutes
RX bits/sec: 108616/160176/442736
RX packets/sec: 44/46/91
TX bits/sec: 0/112/128
TX packets/sec: 0/0/0
```

shutdown**Table 63: shutdown**

Description	Shuts down the Juniper ATP Appliance server.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine

Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	shutdown
Parameters	None
Example	The following example performs a shutdown of the current device. JATP# shutdown

traceroute

Table 64: traceroute

Description	Displays the route packets trace to a host name or an IP address.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server	
Syntax	traceroute	
Parameters	-h unsigned integer	Specifies the number of hops
	string	Names the remote system to be traced.
Example	The following example performs a traceroute of the named device. JATP# traceroute -h 2 MacMiniOSX-Engine	

upgrade

Table 65: upgrade

Description	Upgrade Juniper ATP Appliance software for the Core/CM device or vCore, and all connected physical or virtual devices.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM	
Mode(s)	cm	
Syntax	upgrade <URI as user@hostname:path>	
Parameters	<String_URI>	Specifies the software packages to copy .from a remo location for upgrading via the Core.
Example	<p>The following example copies Juniper ATP Appliance software to the Core from a remote location defined by the path provided.</p> <pre>CoreCM(cm)# upgrade admin@remoteHost.edu:some/remote/ directory</pre>	

updateimage

Table 66: updateimage

Description	<p>Update or correct the guest-image OS profile used by the detection and analysis behavioral engine.</p> <p>The updateimage command will update the guest images from a USB drive attached to the Juniper ATP Appliance.</p>	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core-CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Core	

Syntax	updateimage		
Parameters	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>built-in</td> <td>Updates the guest-image on the detection Engine.</td> </tr> </table>	built-in	Updates the guest-image on the detection Engine.
built-in	Updates the guest-image on the detection Engine.		
Example	<p>The following example performs a built-in profile update for the Core detection engine.</p> <pre>JATP (core)# updateimage built-in Installing image SC-XP-20140617.img... Previous version of SC-XP-20140617.img exists. Checking integrity... Image SC-XP-20140617.img is already installed Installing image SC-W7-20140521.img... Previous version of SC-W7-20140521.img exists. Checking integrity... Image SC-W7-20140521.img is already installed</pre>		

wizard

Table 67: wizard

Description	Enters the Configuration Wizard. For Configuration Wizard commands and response, see “Configuration Wizard for the CoreCM Server” in the next section to follow command prompts and recommended responses.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core/CM Collector Mac Mini Mac OS X
Mode(s)	Basic
Parameters	wizard
Example	None

The following command starts the configuration wizard.

```
hostname # wizard
```

Configuration Wizard for the CoreCM Server

NOTE: Enter CTRL-C to exit the Configuration Wizard at any time. If you exit without completing the configuration, you will be prompted again whether to run the Configuration Wizard.

You may also rerun the Configuration Wizard at any time with the CLI command `wizard`.

Configuration Wizard Prompts	Customer Response Actions
<p>Use DHCP to obtain the IP address and DNS server address for the administrative interface (Yes/No)?</p> <p>NOTE: Only if your DHCP response is no, enter the following information when prompted:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. IP address (no CIDR format) 2. Netmask 3. Enter a gateway IP address for this management (administrative) interface: 4. Enter primary DNS server IP address. 5. Do you have a secondary DNS Server (Yes/No). 6. Do you want to enter the search domains? 7. Enter the search domain (separate multiple search domains by space): <p>Restart the administrative interface (Yes/No)</p>	<p>We strongly discourage the use of DHCP addressing because it changes dynamically. A static IP address is preferred.</p> <p>Recommended: Respond with no:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Enter an IP address 2. Enter a netmask using the form 255.255.255.0. 3. Enter a gateway IP address. 4. Enter the DNS server IP address 5. If yes, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server. 6. Enter yes if you want DNS lookups to use a specific domain. 7. Enter search domain(s) separated by spaces; for example: example.com lan.com dom2.com <p>Enter yes to restart with the new configuration settings applied.</p>

<p>Enter a valid hostname.</p>	<p>Type a hostname when prompted; do not include the domain; for example: juniperatp1</p> <p>NOTE: Only alphanumeric characters and hyphens (in the middle of the hostname) are allowed.</p>
<p>[OPTIONAL]</p> <p>If the system detects a Secondary Core with an eth3 port, then the alternate CnC exhaust option is displayed:</p> <p>Use alternate-exhaust for the analysis engine exhaust traffic (Yes/No)?</p> <p>Enter IP address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface:</p> <p>Enter netmask for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 255.255.0.0)</p> <p>Enter gateway IP Address for the alternateexhaust (eth2) interface: (example:10.6.0.1)</p> <p>Enter primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 8.8.8.8)</p> <p>Do you have a secondary DNS server for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface?</p> <p>Do you want to enter the search domains for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface?</p> <p>NOTE: A complete network interface restart can take more than 60 seconds</p>	<p>Refer to “Configuring an Alternate Analysis Engine Interface” in the Juniper ATP Appliance Operator’s Guide for more information.</p> <p>Enter yes to configure an alternate eth2 interface.</p> <p>Enter the IP address for the eth2 interface.</p> <p>Enter the eth2 netmask.</p> <p>Enter the gateway IP address.</p> <p>Enter the primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface.</p> <p>Enter yes or no to confirm or deny an eth2 secondary DNS server.</p> <p>Enter yes or no to indicate whether you want to enter search domain.</p>
<p>Regenerate the SSL self-signed certificate (Yes/No)?</p>	<p>Enter yes to create a new SSL certificate for the Juniper ATP Appliance Server Web UI.</p> <p>If you decline the self-signed certificate by entering no, be prepared to install a certificate authority (CA) certificate.</p>

Enter the following server attributes:

Central Manager (CM) IP Address:

Device Name: (must be unique)

Device Name: (must be unique)

Device Key PassPhrase

NOTE: Remember this passphrase and use it for all distributed devices.

Is this a Central Manager device?:

Enter Yes; the system will auto-set IP 127.0.0.1 as the All-in-One IP address.

Enter a connected Juniper ATP Appliance Collector Device Name; this identifies the Collector in the Web UI.

Enter a device Description

Enter a user-defined PassPhrase to be used to authenticate the Core to the Central Manager.

SEE ALSO

[All-in-One CLI Commands | 15](#)

[Traffic Collector CLI Commands | 137](#)

Mac OS X Engine CLI Commands

IN THIS SECTION

- [Basic Mode Commands | 106](#)
- [Core Mode Commands | 106](#)
- [Server Mode Commands | 107](#)
- [Diagnosis Mode Commands | 107](#)
- [Mac OS X Detection Engine CLI Commands | 108](#)
- [Configuration Wizard Command Prompt Responses | 134](#)

This chapter describes the CLI commands available for the Mac Mini Mac OS X “Secondary Core” detection engine device. There is no Collector Mode on this device.

NOTE: You must enclose non-alphabet characters in double quotes in CLI commands.

Basic Mode Commands

Use general system commands to configure the appliance, view appliance history, enter other CLI modes, obtain help with CLI syntax, and to exit the CLI session.

The general commands are:

- ["core" on page 110](#)
- ["diagnosis" on page 111](#)
- ["exit" on page 112](#)
- ["help" on page 113](#)
- ["histroy" on page 114](#)
- ["server" on page 119](#)
- ["wizard" on page 133](#)

Refer to the respective chapters in this guide to review Collector Mode, Diagnosis Mode and Server Mode commands per device-- All-in-One, Mac OS X Engine, Traffic Collector and CoreCM.

Core Mode Commands

- ["exit" on page 112](#)
- ["help" on page 113](#)
- ["histroy" on page 114](#)
- ["show \(core mode\)" on page 124](#)
- ["updateimage" on page 132](#)

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Mac OS X Detection Engine CLI Commands

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capture-start

Table 68: capture-start

Description	<p>Starts packet capture as a means for diagnosing and debugging network traffic and obtaining stats.</p> <p>See Also: "diagnosis" on page 111[mode];"copy" on page 109</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	capture-start
Parameters	<IP address> <interface_name>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following example starts a packet capture process on interface eth1 for a Traffic Collector with IP address 8.8.8.8:</p> <pre>hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# capture-start 8.8.8.8 eth1</pre> <p>NOTE: Note: Address 8.8.8.8 need not be a Juniper ATP Appliance. It is just a host that the capture filters on.</p>

copy

Table 69: copy

Description	<p>Uses Secure Copy (SCP) to scp to copy and transfer packet capture or traceback (crash) data to a remote location, providing the same authentication and level of security as an SSH transfer.</p> <p>See Also: [mode];</p>
-------------	---

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	<pre>copy capture <scp source_file_name username@destination_host:destination_folder> traceback all <string URI as user@hostname:path></pre>
Parameters	<pre>copy capture <scp remote filename_location> copy traceback all <path string> copy traceback <tab> [tab displays all available crash filenames]</pre>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following example copies the file "captureEth1.txt" from the local host to a remote host:</p> <pre>hostname (diagnosis)# copy capture scp captureEth1.txt</pre> <p>mailto:admin@remotehost.edu:/some/remote/directory</p>

core

Table 70: core

Description	<p>Enters core mode.</p> <p>See Also: basic [mode];</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	core

Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	exit, help, history, show, updateimage
Example	The following command example enters core configuration mode: hostname # core hostname (core)#

diagnosis

Table 71: diagnosis

Description	Enters the Diagnosis configuration and status check mode. See Also: collector [mode], server [mode]
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	diagnosis
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	;;; ; ; ; ;
Example	The following example enters diagnosis configuration and status check mode: hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# ?

exit

Table 72: exit

Description	Ends the CLI session.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Server Diagnosis
Syntax	exit
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following example ends a command mode or CLI session.</p> <pre>JATP# (diagnosis) exit JATP#</pre>

gssreport

Table 73: gssreport

Description	<p>Use the gssreport command to submit reports to Juniper Global Security Services (GSS), and to display the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>See Also: [mode]</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	gssreport status submit

Parameters	<p>status - displays the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>submit - submits a report to Juniper ATP Appliance GSS.</p>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following examples display the status of a GSS report submission:</p> <pre> hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport submit Successfully started GSS report hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport status GSS is currently enabled Last 5-minute GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.414322: successfully submitted Last hourly GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.468259: successfully submitted Last daily GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:28.225512: successfully submitted </pre>

help

Table 74: help

Description	Displays information about the CLI help system.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Server Diagnosis
Syntax	help
Parameters	None

Example

The following example shows some of the output of the help command.

CONTEXT SENSITIVE HELP

[?] - Display context sensitive help. This is either a list of possible command completions with summaries, or the full syntax of the current command. A subsequent repeat of this key, when a command has been resolved, will display a detailed reference.

AUTO-COMPLETION

The following keys both perform auto-completion for the current command line. If the command prefix is not unique then the bell will ring and a subsequent repeat of the key will display possible completions.

[enter] - Auto-completes, syntax-checks then executes a command. If there is a syntax error then offending part of the command line will be highlighted and explained.

[tab] - Auto-completes

[space] - Auto-completes, or if the command is already resolved inserts a space.

If "<cr>" is shown, that means that what you have entered so far is a complete command, and you may press Enter (carriage return) to execute it.

Use ? to learn command parameters and option:

JATP (server)# show f?

firewall Show the firewall configuration settings
interface

JATP (server)# show firewall?

all Show the current iptables settings
whitelist Show the iptables whitelist settings
show firewall whitelist?

<cr>

show firewall whitelist

history

Table 75: history

Description	Displays the current CLI session command line history.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine

Mode(s)	Basic Server Diagnosis
Syntax	history
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following examples returns command line history for the current CLI session.</p> <p>JATP# (core) history</p>

ifrestart

Table 76: ifrestart

Description	Restarts the interface driver and services using the interface.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	ifrestart eth0 eth1
Parameters	<p>eth0 Restarts the management network administra interface.</p> <p>eth1 Restarts the monitoring network interface.</p>
Example	<p>The following example restarts the eth0 interface for the management network.</p> <p><FireEye_name># ifrestart eth0</p>

ping

Table 77: ping

Description	Sends ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) echo request packets to a specified host name or IP address to verify that the destination is reachable over the network.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server	
Syntax	ping [-c count] [-h hops] [string]	
Parameters	-ccount	Number of echo requests to send. By default, pings are continuously until you press Ctrl+C.
	-hhops	Number of next hops between pings (default is 1).
	string	IP address, hostname or interface name used to ping device address
Example	<p>The following example sends three echo requests to the device with the IP Address 10.10.10.1</p> <pre><FireEye_name># ping -c 3 10.10.10.1</pre> <pre>PING 10.10.10.1 (10.10.10.1) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=1 ttl=64 time=0.314 ms 64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=2 ttl=64 time=0.277 ms 64 bytes from v: icmp_req=3 ttl=64 time=0.274 m</pre> <pre>--- 10.10.10.1 ping statistics --- 3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 1999ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.274/0.288/0.314/0.022 ms</pre>	

reboot

Table 78: reboot

Description	Reboots the Juniper ATP Appliance.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	reboot
Parameters	None
Example	The following example reboots the system. hostname# reboot

restart

Table 79: restart

Description	Restarts Juniper ATP Appliance services.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	restart [all behaviorengine cm collector core correlationengine database ntpserver sshserver staticengine webserver]

Parameters	all	Restarts all Juniper ATP Appliance services.
	database	Restarts the Database.
	ntpserver	Restarts the NTP server.
	sshserver	Restarts the SSH server.
Example	<p>The following example restarts the Central manager service.</p> <pre>JATP# restart cm</pre>	

restore

Table 80: restore

Description	Restores the system configuration to the factory default settings. This will only reset the password to default temporarily.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	server
Syntax	<pre>restore [support firewall {backup default} hostname network]</pre> <p>Allowlist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case.</p>

<p>Parameters</p> <p>NOTE: vCore for AWS does not use the following CLI commands: restore hostname restore network</p>	<p>support</p> <hr/> <p>firewall {backup default}</p> <hr/> <p>hostname</p> <hr/> <p>network</p>	<p>Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# "set (server mode)" on page 120</p> <hr/> <p>Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.</p> <hr/> <p>Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.</p> <hr/> <p>Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings.</p> <p>WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.</p>
<p>Example</p>	<p>The following example restores the system.</p> <pre>JATP# restore</pre> <p>This next example restores the SSH login "support" password to the default</p> <pre>JATP # restore support password Restore the default support password? (Yes/No)? yes support password was restored successfully!</pre>	

server

Table 81: server

Description	Enters the server configuration mode.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core/CM Mac Mini Mac OS X

Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	server
Sub-Commands	;;;;;; Whitelist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case.
Example	The following example enters server configuration mode: hostname # server hostname (server) # ?

set (server mode)

Table 82: set

Description	Configure the system settings.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server, See Also:
Syntax	set [autoupdate {on off} cli timeout secs clock cm address cysupport {enable disable} localmode {enable disable} passphrase string dns firewall {all <backup flush> whitelist} hostname string ip interface {management alternate-exhaust} ntpserver password proxy {config enabled remove} timezone string uipassword]
Parameters (See table below)	

<pre> autoupdate {content software} {on off} cli timeout secs clock cm address set cysupport {enable disable} {localmode} passphrase string dns firewall {all <backup flush> whitelist <add delete flush>} NOTE: Whitelist rules rely on normal service shutdown for backup.Powering off a VM directly loses the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case. hostname string ip interface {management alternateexhaust} <dhcp address netmask gateway} </pre>	<p>Turn on or off automatic product updates.</p> <pre>set autoupdate content on</pre> <p>Set CLI timeout period in seconds (0 = no timeout).</p> <p>Sets the current date and time.</p> <p>Sets the IP address of the Central Manager and netmask using slash notation; ex: AAA.BBB.CCC.DD/X</p> <p>Enables remote SSH login “support” account or localmode enable/disable.</p> <p>Sets the device key password; enter a string.</p> <p>Sets DNS (or enables DHCP for DNS) for the management interface by default if interface is unspecified.</p> <p>Backs up or flushes (clears) all current iptables for a firewall, or adds, deletes or flushes the current iptables allowlist-specific settings for the firewall.</p> <p>The “add” option adds an IP address to the iptables outbound allowlist.</p> <pre># set firewall whitelist add 10.1.1.1</pre> <p>Sets the system’s host name.</p> <p>Sets the IP address, netmask, or default gateway, or enables DHCP for the management or alternate-exhaust interface.</p>
<pre>ntpserver</pre>	<p>Sets the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.</p>
<pre>password</pre>	<p>Sets a new password for the CLI administrator.</p>

<pre>proxy {config <all http> enable <on off> remove <all http>}</pre>	<p>Config, enable/disable, or remove “all” proxy configs, or remove an HTTP-specific proxy server.</p> <p>TIP: Config the proxy for “all” protocols first, and then change HTTP proxy as needed.</p>
<pre>timezone {US/ Eastern US/ Central US/ Mountain}</pre>	<p>Show the current timezone; example:</p> <pre>set timezone US/Pacific</pre> <p>TIP: set timezone <tab> shows options.</p>
<pre>uipassword</pre>	<p>Sets a new admin password for CM Web UI access.</p>
<p>Examples</p>	<p>The following example sets an ip address for the device management interface eth0.</p> <pre>JATP# set ip interface 10.1.1.1</pre>

set (diagnosis mode)

Table 83: set

<p>Description</p>	<p>Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode.</p> <p>See Also:</p>
<p>Product(s) CLI</p>	<p>All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine</p>
<p>Mode(s)</p>	<p>diagnosis</p>
<p>Syntax</p>	<p>set logging</p>

Parameters	all	Sets logging for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.
	default	Sets logging to the default parameters
	debug	Sets logging at the debug level.
	info	Sets logging at the info level.
	warning	Sets logging at the warning level.
	error	Sets logging at the error level.
	critical	Sets logging at the critical level.
	Example	<p>The following example sets the default logging level for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.</p> <pre>JATP# set logging all</pre>

setupcheck

Table 84: setupcheck

Description	Checks and reports on basic configuration settings and analysis pipeline setup.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	setupcheck {all report basic analysis}

Parameters	all	Checks both basic settings and analysis pipelin.
	report	Shows report of last setupcheck.
	basic	Checks basic configuration settings.
	analysis	Checks the analysis pipeline.
Example	<p>The following example checks all basic configuration settings as well as the analysis pipeline:</p> <pre>JATP (diagnosis) # setupcheck all</pre>	

show (core mode)

Table 85: show

Description	<p>Displays the guest image(s) status.</p> <p>See Also: ; show (diagnostic mode)</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Core
Syntax	show

Parameters	images	Displays guest image update and status information.
	whitelist	<p>Displays the name, hit count and the time of last hit of a user configured allowlist.</p> <p>Note that when a allowlist rule is deleted, it will be removed from the list. Updates to existing rule are not affected by the presence of the rule in the output, but hit count could increment. Further, more than one rule can be hit by a single incident.</p>
	alternate-exhaustinterface	Displays the status of the alternate exhaust interface eth2.
Example	<p>The following example demonstrates the show images command usage:</p> <pre>JATP(core)# show images</pre> <p>The following example shows how to get the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2) status:</p> <pre>JATP(core)# show alternate-exhaust interface</pre>	

show (diagnosis mode)

Description	<p>Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode.</p> <p>See Also:</p>
-------------	---

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	show

Parameters

device {collectorstatus corestatus slavecorestatus}	Display connected device statistics for Traffic Collector, CoreCM, or Mac Mini Detection Engine Secondary “backup core.” NOTE: Not available from the Mac Mini CLI.
protocol {web email}	Displays the session counts for network web or email protocols. NOTE: Not available from the Mac Mini CLI.
objects	Displays the current number of file objects. NOTE: Not available from the Mac Mini CLI.
logging	Displays the currently-configured logging level. See Also: set (diagnosis mode) logging
log error traceback	Displays only the tracebacks (if any) generated by Juniper ATP Appliance OS process error logs. A traceback is a stack of functions that were executing when an error condition was encountered.
log error last <integer: number of lines to display>	Displays n [1-1000] lines of the contents of the common log file.

Example

The following example displays the connected Traffic Collector status.

```
osx-1(server)# show devicetype
Device type: slave_core.
```

show (server mode)

Table 86: show

Description	Display configurations and status information.
Product(s)CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server, See Also:
Syntax	show
Parameters (See the columns below)	
autoupdate	Show the automatic update setting.
cli	Show the CLI setting.
clock	Show the current date and time.
cm	Show the Central Manager IP address.
controller	Show the driver state for interfaces.
cysupport	Show support status.

description	Show the server or system description.
devicekey	Show the device key.
devicetype	Show the device type.
dns	Show the DNS servers settings.
eula	Show the End User License Agreement.
firewall [all < whitelist]	Show the firewall configuration settings.
hostname	Show the system's host name.
interface [management monitoring alternateexhaust]	(administrative) network interface eth0, or the monitoring interface (eth1), or the alternate-exhaust interface (eth2). See Also: show controller
ip	Show the IP address of the management (administrative) interface eth0.
name	Show the server name.
ntpserver	Show the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server settings.
proxy	Show current proxy configuration.
stats [cpuload disk memory]	Show system statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cpuload shows the average CPU load in the system for running processes in the last 1, 5 and 15 minute intervals. • disk shows the disk space usage in the system. • memory shows the system memory usage.
timezone	Show the current timezone.

upgrade	Show the last manual upgrade-related information.
uuid	Show the system UUID (universally unique ID).
uptime	Show how long the system has been running.
version	Show Juniper ATP Appliance software and content security versions.
Example	<p>The following example displays information about the MacOSX cpload statistics:</p> <pre>MacOSX (server)# # show stats cpload (0.06, 0.13, 0.13)</pre> <p>The following example requests details for the Collector's monitoring interface (eth1):</p> <pre>MacOSX(server)# show interface monitoring</pre>

shutdown

Table 87: shutdown

Description	Shuts down the Juniper ATP Appliance server.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	shutdown
Parameters	None

Example	<p>The following example performs a shutdown of the current device.</p> <pre>JATP# shutdown</pre>
---------	---

traceroute

Table 88: traceroute

Description	Displays the route packets trace to a host name or an IP address.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server	
Syntax	traceroute	
Parameters	-h unsigned integer	Specifies the number of hops
	string	Names the remote system to be traced.
Example	<p>The following example performs a traceroute of the named device.</p> <pre>MacOSX1# traceroute -h 2 MacMiniOSX2-Engine</pre>	

updateimage

Table 89: updateimage

Description	<p>Update or correct the guest-image OS profile used by the detection and analysis behavioral engine.</p> <p>The updateimage command will update the guest images from a USB drive attached to the Juniper ATP Appliance.</p>		
Product(s) CLI	Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine		
Mode(s)	Core		
Syntax	updateimage		
Parameters	<table border="1" data-bbox="722 871 1421 997"> <tr> <td data-bbox="722 871 820 997">built-in</td> <td data-bbox="820 871 1421 997">Updates the guest-image on the Mac OSX Detection “Secondary core.”.</td> </tr> </table>	built-in	Updates the guest-image on the Mac OSX Detection “Secondary core.”.
built-in	Updates the guest-image on the Mac OSX Detection “Secondary core.”.		
Example	<p>The following example performs a built-in profile update for the Core detection engine.</p> <pre> MAC2(core)# updateimage built-in Installing image SC-OSX-20131003.img... Previous version of SC-OSX-20131003.img exists. Checking integrity... Latest Image SC-OSX-20131003.img is already installed Installing image SC-XP-20140617.img... Previous version of SC-XP-20140617.img exists. Checking integrity... Image SC-XP-20140617.img is already installed Installing image SC-W7-20140521.img... Previous version of SC-W7-20140521.img exists. Checking integrity... Image SC-W7-20140521.img is already installed </pre>		

upgrade

Table 90: upgrade

Description	<p>Upgrade a configured Juniper ATP Appliance Mac OSX Mac Mini device. If the Mac Mini has already been upgraded to Ubuntu 14.04, this upgrade command will not be visible at the CLI because it will not be needed.</p> <p>Please note that this command will only show up for existing customers that have Mac Mini devices configured as Juniper ATP Appliance Mac OSX detection engine Secondary Cores (running Ubuntu 13.10). For new customers running Juniper ATP Appliance Release 3.2.5, each Mac Mini device is shipped with the new Ubuntu 14.04 version already installed, so in this case, the upgrade command will again not be available from the Juniper ATP Appliance Mac OSX Engine CLI.</p>		
Product(s) CLI	Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine		
Mode(s)	Core		
Syntax	upgrade		
Parameters	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>built-in</td> <td>Updates the guest-image on the Mac OSX Detection "secondary core."</td> </tr> </table>	built-in	Updates the guest-image on the Mac OSX Detection "secondary core."
built-in	Updates the guest-image on the Mac OSX Detection "secondary core."		
Example	<p>The following example performs a built-in Mac OS X profile update for the Mac Mini-based Secondary core detection engine..</p> <pre>MAC2(core)# upgrade</pre>		

wizard

Table 91: wizard

Description	Enters the Configuration Wizard. For Configuration Wizard commands and response, see "Configuration Wizard for the CoreCM Server" in the next section to follow command prompts and recommended responses.
-------------	--

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core/CM Collector Mac Mini Mac OS X
Mode(s)	Basic
Parameters	wizard
Example	None
	The following command starts the configuration wizard. hostname # wizard

Configuration Wizard Command Prompt Responses

Configuration Wizard Prompts	Customer Response from the Mac Mini
------------------------------	-------------------------------------

Use DHCP to obtain the IP address and DNS server address for the administrative interface (Yes/No)?

NOTE: Only if your DHCP response is no, enter the following information when prompted:

1. IP address (no CIDR format)
2. Netmask
3. Enter a gateway IP address for this management (administrative) interface:
4. Enter primary DNS server IP address.
5. Do you have a secondary DNS Server (Yes/No).
6. Do you want to enter the search domains?
7. Enter the search domain (separate multiple search domains by space):

Restart the administrative interface (Yes/No)?

We strongly discourage the use of DHCP addressing because it changes dynamically. A static IP address is preferred.

Recommended: Respond with no:

1. Enter an IP address
2. Enter a netmask using the form 255.255.255.0.
3. Enter a gateway IP address.
4. Enter the DNS server IP address
5. If yes, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server.
6. Enter yes if you want DNS lookups to use a specific domain.
7. Enter search domain(s) separated by spaces; for example: example.com lan.com dom2.com

Enter yes to restart with the new configuration settings applied.

Enter a valid hostname.

Type a hostname when prompted; do not include the domain; for example: juniperatp1

NOTE: Only alphanumeric characters and hyphens (in the middle of the hostname) are allowed.

[OPTIONAL]

If the system detects a Secondary Core with an eth2 port, then the alternate CnC exhaust option is displayed:

Use alternate-exhaust for the analysis engine exhaust traffic (Yes/No)?

Enter IP address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface:

Enter netmask for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 255.255.0.0)

Enter gateway IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example:10.6.0.1)

Enter primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface: (example: 8.8.8.8)

Do you have a secondary DNS server for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface?

Do you want to enter the search domains for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface?

NOTE: A complete network interface restart can take more than 60 seconds

Refer to “Configuring an Alternate Analysis Engine Interface” in the Juniper ATP Appliance Operator’s Guide for more information.

Enter yes to configure an alternate eth2 interface.

Enter the IP address for the eth2 interface.

Enter the eth2 netmask.

Enter the gateway IP address.

Enter the primary DNS server IP Address for the alternate-exhaust (eth2) interface.

Enter yes or no to confirm or deny an eth2 secondary DNS server.

Enter yes or no to indicate whether you want to enter search domain.

Regenerate the SSL self-signed certificate (Yes/No)?

Enter yes to create a new SSL certificate for the Juniper ATP Appliance Server Web UI.

If you decline the self-signed certificate by entering no, be prepared to install a certificate authority (CA) certificate.

Enter the following server attributes:

Central Manager (CM) IP Address:

Device Name: (must be unique)

Device Description

Device Key PassPhrase

NOTE: Remember this passphrase and use it for all distributed devices!

Required: Enter the IP address of the Juniper ATP Appliance Server Core/CM or All-in-One.

Enter a Juniper ATP Appliance Mac Mini or Core/CM Device Name; this identifies the Mac OS X or Core Engine in the Web UI.

Enter a device Description

Enter the same PassPhrase used to authenticate the Core or Mac Mini to the Central Manager.

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Traffic Collector CLI Commands

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This chapter describes the commands specific to the Juniper ATP Appliance Collector CLI. The available commands are as follows:

Basic Mode Commands

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capture-start

Table 92: capture-start

Description	Starts packet capture as a means for diagnosing and debugging network traffic and obtaining stats. See Also: [mode]; [mode];
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	capture-start
Parameters	<IP address> <interface_name>

Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following example starts a packet capture process on interface eth1 for a Traffic Collector with IP address 8.8.8.8:</p> <pre>hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# capture-start 8.8.8.8 eth1</pre> <p>NOTE: Note: Address 8.8.8.8 need not be a Juniper ATP Appliance. It is just a host that the capture filters on.</p>

collector

Table 93: collector

Description	<p>Enters the Collector configuration mode.</p> <p>See Also: [mode]</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	collector
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	<p>"exit" on page 143; "help" on page 145; "history" on page 146; "set proxy (collector mode)" on page 153; "show (collector mode)" on page 163</p>
Example	<p>The following example enters collector configuration mode:</p> <pre>hostname # collector hostname (collector)# ?</pre>

copy

Table 94: copy

Description	<p>Uses Secure Copy (SCP) to scp to copy and transfer packet capture or traceback (crash) data to a remote location, providing the same authentication and level of security as an SSH transfer.</p> <p>The copy traceback command, upon Customer Support's request, copies the traceback files out of the box to a remote location.</p> <p>See Also: [mode];</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core-CM Mac OSX Engine
Mode(s)	Diagnosis
Syntax	<pre>copy capture <scp source_file_name username@destination_host:destination_folder> traceback all <string URI as user@hostname:path></pre>
Parameters	<pre>copy capture <scp remote filename_location> copy traceback all <path string> copy traceback <tab> [tab displays all available crash filenames]</pre>
Sub-Commands	None
Example	<p>The following example copies the file "captureEth1.txt" from the local host to a remote host:</p> <pre>hostname (diagnosis)# copy capture scp captureEth1.txt mailto:admin@remotehost.edu:/some/remote/directory</pre>

diagnosis

Table 95: diagnosis

Description	Enters the Diagnosis configuration and status check mode. See Also: collector [mode], server [mode]
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	diagnosis
Parameters	None
Sub-Commands	"capture-start" on page 140; "copy" on page 142; "exit" on page 143; "gssreport" on page 144; "help" on page 145; "history" on page 146; "set (server mode)" on page 157; "setupcheck" on page 162; "show (diagnosis mode)" on page 165; "show (server mode)" on page 167
Example	The following example enters diagnosis configuration and status check mode: hostname # diagnosis hostname (diagnosis)# ?

exit

Table 96: exit

Description	Ends the CLI session.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Server Collector Diagnosis

Syntax	exit
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following example ends a command mode or CLI session.</p> <pre>JATP# (diagnosis) exit JATP#</pre>

gssreport

Table 97: gssreport

Description	<p>Use the gssreport command to submit reports to Juniper Global Security Services (GSS), and to display the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>See Also: ; "diagnosis" on page 143[mode]</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Mac OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	gssreport status submit
Parameters	<p>status - displays the status of the current GSS report.</p> <p>submit - submits a report to Juniper ATP Appliance GSS.</p>
Sub-Commands	None

Example

The following examples display the status of a GSS report submission:

```
hostname # diagnosis
hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport submit
Successfully started GSS report

hostname (diagnosis)# gssreport status
GSS is currently enabled
Last 5-minute GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.414322:
successfully submitted
Last hourly GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:24.468259:
successfully submitted
Last daily GSS report at 2015-07-28 10:34:28.225512:
successfully submitted
```

help

Table 98: help

Description	Displays information about the CLI help system.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Basic Server Collector Diagnosis
Syntax	help
Parameters	None

Example

The following example shows some of the output of the help command.

CONTEXT SENSITIVE HELP

[?] - Display context sensitive help. This is either a list of possible command completions with summaries, or the full syntax of the current command. A subsequent repeat of this key, when a command has been resolved, will display a detailed reference.

AUTO-COMPLETION

The following keys both perform auto-completion for the current command line. If the command prefix is not unique then the bell will ring and a subsequent repeat of the key will display possible completions.

[enter] - Auto-completes, syntax-checks then executes a command. If there is a syntax error then offending part of the command line will be highlighted and explained.

[tab] - Auto-completes

[space] - Auto-completes, or if the command is already resolved inserts a space.

If "<cr>" is shown, that means that what you have entered so far is a complete command, and you may press Enter (carriage return) to execute it.

Use ? to learn command parameters and option:

JATP (server)# show f?

firewall Show the firewall configuration settings
interface

JATP (server)# show firewall?

all Show the current iptables settings

whitelist Show the iptables whitelist settings

show firewall whitelist?

<cr>

show firewall whitelist

history

Table 99: history

Description	Displays the current CLI session command line history.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine

Mode(s)	Basic Server Collector Diagnosis
Syntax	history
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following examples returns command line history for the current CLI session.</p> <p>JATP# history</p>

ifrestart

Table 100: ifrestart

Description	Restarts the interface driver and services using the interface.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	ifrestart eth0 eth1
Parameters	<p>eth0 Restarts the management network administra interface.</p> <p>eth1 Restarts the monitoring network interface.</p>
Example	<p>The following example restarts the eth0 interface for the management network.</p> <p><FireEye_name># ifrestart eth0</p>

ping

Table 101: ping

Description	Sends ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) echo request packets to a specified host name or IP address to verify that the destination is reachable over the network.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server	
Syntax	ping [-c count] [-h hops] [string]	
Parameters	-ccount	Number of echo requests to send. By default, pings are continuously until you press Ctrl+C.
	-hhops	Number of next hops between pings (default is 1).
	string	IP address, hostname or interface name used to ping device address
Example	<p>The following example sends three echo requests to the device with the IP Address 10.10.10.1</p> <pre><FireEye_name># ping -c 3 10.10.10.1</pre> <pre>PING 10.10.10.1 (10.10.10.1) 56(84) bytes of data: 64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=1 ttl=64 time=0.314 ms 64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=2 ttl=64 time=0.277 ms 64 bytes from v: icmp_req=3 ttl=64 time=0.274 m</pre> <pre>--- 10.10.10.1 ping statistics --- 3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 1999ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.274/0.288/0.314/0.022 ms</pre>	

reboot

Table 102: reboot

Description	Reboots the Juniper ATP Appliance.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	reboot
Parameters	None
Example	The following example reboots the system. hostname# reboot

restart

Table 103: restart

Description	Restarts Juniper ATP Appliance services.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	restart [all behaviorengine cm collector core correlationengine database ntpserver sshserver staticengine webserver]

Parameters	all	Restarts all Juniper ATP Appliance services.
	database	Restarts the Database.
	ntpserver	Restarts the NTP server.
	sshserver	Restarts the SSH server.
Example	<p>The following example restarts the Central manager service.</p> <pre>JATP# restart cm</pre>	

restore

Table 104: restore

Description	Restores the system configuration to the factory default settings. This will only reset the password to default temporarily.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	server
Syntax	<pre>restore [support firewall {backup default} hostname network]</pre> <p>Allowlist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case.</p>

<p>Parameters</p> <p>NOTE: vCore for AWS does not use the following CLI commands: restore hostname restore network</p>	<p>support</p> <hr/> <p>firewall {backup default}</p> <hr/> <p>hostname</p> <hr/> <p>network</p>	<p>Restores the default support password setting remote login (set during initial installation per See also (server)# "set (server mode)" on page 157</p> <hr/> <p>Restores the firewall settings from either the pr backup, or from the default factory settings.</p> <hr/> <p>Restores the system's hostname to the factory hostname.</p> <hr/> <p>Restores the IP address and DNS settings to the factory default settings.</p> <p>WARNING: This command option removes the current IP address and DNS settings, and reloads the default values for these settings.</p>
<p>Example</p>	<p>The following example restores the system.</p> <p>JATP# restore</p> <p>This next example restores the SSH login "support" password to the default</p> <p>JATP # restore support password Restore the default support password? (Yes/No)? yes support password was restored successfully!</p>	

server

Table 105: server

<p>Description</p>	<p>Enters the server configuration mode.</p> <p>See Also:</p>
--------------------	---

Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core/CM Mac Mini Mac OS X
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	server
Sub-Commands	"exit" on page 143 ; "help" on page 145 ; "history" on page 146 ; "ifrestart" on page 147 ; "ping" on page 148 ; "reboot" on page 149 ; "restore" on page 150 ; "set (server mode)" on page 157 ; "show (server mode)" on page 167
Example	<p>The following example enters server configuration mode:</p> <pre>hostname # server hostname (server) # ?</pre>

set proxy (collector mode)

Table 106: set proxy

Description	<p>Sets an Inside or Outside data path proxy from collector mode.</p> <p>Deploy Traffic Collectors in locations where the monitoring interface is (1) placed “outside” between the proxy and the egress network for customer environments in which the proxy supports XFF (X-Forwarded-For), or (2) [the more typical deployment scenario], the Collector is placed between the proxy and the internal network using FQDN (if available) to identify the threat source for all types of incidents (“inside” proxy). When configured, the Juniper ATP Appliance Traffic Collector will monitor all traffic and correctly identify source and destination hosts for each link in the kill chain wherever the data allows for it.</p> <p>Note that if the “X-Forwarded-For” header is provided in the HTTP request, detection will identify threat targets when deployed outside of the proxy (customers can choose to disable the XFF feature in the proxy setting, if desired).</p> <p>See Also: ;</p> <p>NOTE: The mitigation IP address of a CNC server is not be available for Inside proxy deployments. When a Juniper ATP Appliance is deployed behind a proxy, the Mitigation-> Firewall page in the Juniper ATP Appliance Central Manager Web UI (which typically displays the CNC server IP address to mitigate) will be empty. The destination IP address of any callback is made to the proxy server ip address, so it is not relevant to display the proxy server IP address on the Mitigation->Firewall page.</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<pre>set proxy inside {add <proxy IP address> <proxy port> remove <proxy IP address> <proxy port>} set proxy outside {add <proxy IP address> remove <proxy IP address>}</pre>

Parameters	inside	Sets the inside proxy IP addresses
	outside	Sets the outside proxy IP addresses
	add	Adds a proxy configuration.
	remove	Removes a proxy configuration.
Example	<p>The following example sets an inside data path proxy:</p> <pre>JATP(collector)# set proxy inside 10.1.1.1 53</pre> <p>The following example sets an outside data path proxy:</p> <pre>JATP(collector)# set proxy inside 10.2.1.1</pre>	

set honeypot (collector mode)

Table 107: set honeypot

Description	<p>Enables and disables the SSH-Honeypot feature for a Traffic Collector.</p> <p>A honeypot can be deployed within a customer network to detect network activity generated by malware attempting to infect or attack other machines in a local area network. These attempted SSH logins can be used to supplement detection of lateral spread.</p> <p>There are two parameters that can be set for a honeypot:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable/disable a honeypot • Set a Static IP (IP, mask, and gateway) or DHCP of a publicly addressable interface <p>See Also: show honeypot command in</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector

Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<pre>(collector)# set honeypot ssh-honeypot enable dhcp</pre> <pre>(collector)# set honeypot ssh-honeypot enable address (IP address) netmask (subnet IP) gateway (IP address)</pre> <pre>(collector):# set honeypot ssh-honeypot disable</pre>
Example	<p>The following example enables the SMB parser for lateral detections:</p> <pre>(collector)# set honeypot ssh-honeypot enable address 1.2.3.4 netmask 255.255.0.0 gateway 1.2.3.1</pre> <p>NOTE: The static IP configuration does not require configuring DNS. Honeypots do not require a DNS server at this time.</p>

set (diagnosis mode)

Table 108: set

Description	<p>Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode.</p> <p>See Also: ;</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	set logging

Parameters	all	Sets logging for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.
	default	Sets logging to the default parameters
	debug	Sets logging at the debug level.
	info	Sets logging at the info level.
	warning	Sets logging at the warning level.
	error	Sets logging at the error level.
	critical	Sets logging at the critical level.
	Example	<p>The following example sets the default logging level for all Juniper ATP Appliance components.</p> <pre>JATP# set logging all</pre>

set protocols (collector mode)

Table 109: set protocols

Description	<p>Enables and disables the HTTP or SMB parser for a Traffic Collector.</p> <p>See Also: show protocols command in</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	(collector)# set protocols {http [on off] smb [on off]}

Example	<p>The following example enables the SMB parser for lateral detections:</p> <pre>hostname (collector) set protocols smb on</pre>
---------	--

set (server mode)

Table 110: set

Description	Configure the system settings.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server, See Also:; "set proxy (collector mode)" on page 153
Syntax	<pre>set [autoupdate {on off} cli timeout secs clock cm address cysupport {on off} passphrase string dns firewall {all <backup flush> whitelist} hostname string ip {interface dhcp address netmask gateway} ntpserver password proxy {config enabled remove} timezone string uipassword]</pre>
Parameters (See table below)	
autoupdate {software content} {on off}	<p>Turn on or off the automatic product update feature.</p> <pre>autoupdate {software content} {on off}</pre> <p>example: set autoupdate content on</p>
cli timeout secs	Set CLI timeout period in seconds (0 indicates no timeout).
clock	Sets the current date and time.

cm address	Sets the IP address of the Central Manager and netmask using the slash notation; example: AAA.BBB.CCC.DD/x
set cysupport {enable disable} {localmode}	Enables remote SSH login “support” account or localmode enable/disable.
passphrase string	Sets the device key password; enter a string.
dns	Sets the DNS servers (or enable DHCP for DNS) for the management interface eth0.
firewall {all <backup flush> whitelist <add delete flush>}	<p>Backs up or flushes (clears) all current iptables for a firewall, or adds, deletes or flushes the current iptables allowlist-specific settings for the firewall.</p> <p>The “add” option adds an IP address to the iptables outbound allowlist.</p> <pre># set firewall whitelist add 10.1.1.1</pre> <p>Whitelist rules rely on normal service shutdown to be backed up. Powering off a VM directly will lose the allowlist state as rules cannot be saved in that case</p>
hostname string	Sets the system’s host name.
ip {interface dhcp address netmask gateway}	Sets the IP address, netmask, or default gateway, or enables DHCP for the management interface eth0.
ntpserver	Sets the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.
password	Sets a new password for the CLI administrator.

<pre>proxy {config <all http> enable <on off> remove <all http>}</pre>	<p>Config, enable/disable, or remove “all” proxy configs, or remove an HTTP-specific proxy server.</p> <p>TIP: Config the proxy for “all” protocols first, and then change HTTP proxy as needed.</p>
<pre>timezone {US/ Eastern US/ Central US/ Mountain}</pre>	<p>Show the current timezone; example:</p> <pre>set timezone US/Pacific</pre> <p>TIP: set timezone <tab> shows options.</p>
<pre>uipassword</pre>	<p>Sets a new admin password for CM Web UI access.</p>
<p>Examples</p>	<p>The following example sets an ip address for the device management interface eth0.</p> <pre>JATP# set ip interface 10.1.1.1</pre>

set appliance-type (server mode)

Table 111: set appliance-type

<p>Description</p>	<p>Change the appliance type at any time. For example, change from All-In-One to Core/CM. Note that if you change the appliance type after the initial installation, all data files related to the current type are lost and you must set up the appliance as you would a fresh box.</p>
<p>Product(s) CLI</p>	<p>All-in-One Core CM Collector</p>
<p>Mode(s)</p>	<p>server</p>
<p>Syntax</p>	<pre>jatp:AI0#(server)# set appliance-type core-cm</pre>

Parameters	<p>all-in-one</p> <hr/> <p>core-cm</p> <hr/> <p>email-collector</p> <hr/> <p>traffic-collector</p> <hr/>
Example	<p>The following example changes the form factor of the appliance from all-in-one (the default) to core-cm:</p> <pre>jatp:AI0#(server)# set appliance-type core-cm</pre> <p>This will result in the deletion of all data and configurations not relevant to the new form factor.</p> <p>Proceed? (Yes/No)? Yes</p>

set traffic-filter (collector mode)

Table 112: set traffic-filter

Description	<p>Sets traffic filter rules to avoid analysis on a set of configured traffic, which cannot be made retroactive; for example: any analysis skipped as a result of the filtering cannot be reversed. This command can be applied to an entire network/subnet/ CIDR range.</p> <p>See Also: ;"show (diagnosis mode)" on page 165 [show traffic-filter]</p>
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<pre>set traffic-filter {add <rule_name> <domain> <sourceaddress> <destination-address> <source-port> <destination-port> <protocol> remove <rule_name>}</pre>

Parameters	<table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 184 932 344">traffic-filter add</td> <td data-bbox="932 184 1427 344">Adds a traffic filter rule where:</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 344 932 478"><RuleString></td> <td data-bbox="932 344 1427 478">"RuleString" is the name of the rule</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 478 932 613"><DomainString></td> <td data-bbox="932 478 1427 613">"DomainString" is the domain to filter out</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 613 932 747"><source-address></td> <td data-bbox="932 613 1427 747">"source-address" is the source IPv4 address or network (CIDR)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 747 932 882"><destination-address></td> <td data-bbox="932 747 1427 882">"destination-address" is the destination IPv4 address or network (CIDR)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 882 932 1016"><source-port></td> <td data-bbox="932 882 1427 1016">"source-port" is the source port number (0-65535)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 1016 932 1150"><destinationport></td> <td data-bbox="932 1016 1427 1150">"destination-port" is the destination port number</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="652 1150 932 1346"><protocol></td> <td data-bbox="932 1150 1427 1346">(0-65535)"protocol" is the protocol type: either IP, TCP, UDP or HTTP</td> </tr> </table>	traffic-filter add	Adds a traffic filter rule where:	<RuleString>	"RuleString" is the name of the rule	<DomainString>	"DomainString" is the domain to filter out	<source-address>	"source-address" is the source IPv4 address or network (CIDR)	<destination-address>	"destination-address" is the destination IPv4 address or network (CIDR)	<source-port>	"source-port" is the source port number (0-65535)	<destinationport>	"destination-port" is the destination port number	<protocol>	(0-65535)"protocol" is the protocol type: either IP, TCP, UDP or HTTP
traffic-filter add	Adds a traffic filter rule where:																
<RuleString>	"RuleString" is the name of the rule																
<DomainString>	"DomainString" is the domain to filter out																
<source-address>	"source-address" is the source IPv4 address or network (CIDR)																
<destination-address>	"destination-address" is the destination IPv4 address or network (CIDR)																
<source-port>	"source-port" is the source port number (0-65535)																
<destinationport>	"destination-port" is the destination port number																
<protocol>	(0-65535)"protocol" is the protocol type: either IP, TCP, UDP or HTTP																
Example	<p>The following example add a traffic filter rule to the Traffic Collector.</p> <pre>JATP-collector02(collector)# set traffic-rule add CustomRule2 headqrts.example.com 10.2.00/16 20.0.0.2 90 120 tcp</pre> <p>where destination-address is 20.0.0.2, destination-port is 120, protocol is tcp, source-address is 10.2.0.0/16 and source-port is 90 (in our example).</p>																

set traffic-monitoring (for JATP700 and JATP400 Appliances) (collector mode)

Table 113: set traffic-monitoring

Description	Sets the traffic monitoring interface on the JATP700 and JATP400.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	collector
Syntax	<pre># set traffic-monitoring-ifc 1gb_ifc</pre> <p>Set the traffic monitoring interface to be the 1G interface.</p> <pre># set traffic-monitoring-ifc 10gb_ifc</pre> <p>Set the traffic monitoring interface to be the 10G interface.</p> <p>NOTE: After making an interface type change, the system must be rebooted for the change to take effect.</p>

setupcheck

Table 114: setupcheck

Description	Checks and reports on basic configuration settings and analysis pipeline setup.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	setupcheck {all report basic analysis}

Parameters	all	Checks both basic settings and analysis pipeline.
	report	Shows report of last setupcheck.
	basic	Checks basic configuration settings.
	analysis	Checks the analysis pipeline.
Example	<p>The following example checks all basic configuration settings as well as the analysis pipeline:</p> <pre>JATP (diagnosis) # setupcheck all</pre>	

show (collector mode)

Table 115: show

Description	Displays the Traffic Collector current traffic filters and the current XFF status (enabled or disabled)
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector
Mode(s)	Collector
Subcommands	traffic-filter proxy honeypot
Syntax	show

Parameters	traffic-filter	Shows all traffic filter rules.
	protocols	Shows current HTTP or SMB protocol parser settings.
	proxy {inside outside}	Shows Traffic Collector proxy for inside or outside configurations. See also show proxy:
	honeypot	Shows the current honeypot configuration. show honeypot ssh-honeypot
Example	<p>The following example displays the current Collector proxy inside settings:</p> <pre>collector02(collector)# show proxy inside Proxy IPs: 10.1.1.1</pre> <p>The following example displays the current traffic filter:</p> <pre>collector02 (collector)# show traffic-filter Name: CustomRule2, Domain: headqtrs.example.com</pre> <p>The following example displays the current SMB protocol parser setting:</p> <pre>collector02 (collector)# show protocols</pre>	

show (diagnosis mode)**Table 116: show**

Description	Sets the logging levels for Juniper ATP Appliance components from diagnosis mode. See Also;;
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	diagnosis
Syntax	show

Parameters

device {collectorstatus corestatus slavecorestatus}	<p>Display connected device statistics for Traffic Collector, CoreCM, or Mac Mini Detection Engine Secondary “backup core.”</p> <p>NOTE: Not available from the Mac Mini CLI.</p>
protocol {web email}	<p>Displays the session counts for network web or email protocols.</p> <p>NOTE: Not available from the Mac Mini CLI.</p>
objects	<p>Displays the current number of file objects.</p> <p>NOTE: Not available from the Mac Mini CLI.</p>
logging	<p>Displays the currently-configured logging level.</p> <p>See Also: logging</p>
log error traceback	<p>Displays only the tracebacks (if any) generated by Juniper ATP Appliance OS process error logs. A traceback is a stack of functions that were executing when an error condition was encountered.</p> <p>NOTE: Not available from the Collector CLI.</p>
log error last <integer: number of lines to display>	<p>Displays n [1-1000] lines of the contents of the common log file.</p> <p>NOTE: Not available from the Collector CLI.</p>

NOTE: Example: show log error last 12

Example

The following example displays the connected Traffic Collector status.

```
JATP(diagnosis)# show device collectorstatus
<cr>
```

```
JATP (diagnosis)# show device collectorstatus WEB_COLLECTOR
```

```
IP : 10.2.9.68
Enabled : True
Last Seen : 2014-07-25 15:13:17.967000-07:00
Install Date : 2014-06-25 19:03:38-07:00
```

```
IP : 10.2.20.3
Enabled : True
Last Seen : 2014-07-28 11:07:42.046000-07:00
Install Date : 2013-11-14 09:25:39-08:00
```

show (server mode)

Table 117: show

Description	Display configurations and status information.
Product(s)/CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server, See Also: show (collector mode);
Syntax	show
Parameters (See the columns below)	

<code>autoupdate</code>	Show the automatic update setting.
<code>cli timeout</code>	Show the CLI timeout setting.
<code>clock</code>	Show the current date and time.
<code>cm</code>	Show the Central Manager IP address.
<code>controller</code>	Show the driver state for interfaces.
<code>cysupport</code>	Show the remote SSH login support status.
<code>description</code>	Show the server or system description.
<code>devicekey</code>	Show the device key.
<code>devicetype</code>	Show the device type.
<code>dns</code>	Show the DNS servers settings.
<code>eula</code>	Show the End User License Agreement.
<code>firewall [all < whitelist]</code>	Show the firewall configuration settings.

hostname	Show the system's host name.
interface	Show information about the management (administrative) network interface eth0 and the monitoring interface eth1.
ip	Show the IP address of the management (administrative) interface eth0. Results may show both private and public IP addresses if the AWS vCore has a public IP.
name	Show the server name.
ntpserver	Show the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server settings.
proxy	Show current proxy configuration.
uuid	Show the system UUID (universally unique ID).
stats [cpuload disk memory]	Show system statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cpuload shows the average CPU load in the system • disk shows the disk space usage in the system. • memory shows the system memory usage. <pre># show stats cpuload (0.06, 0.13, 0.13)</pre>
timezone	Show the current timezone.
uptime	Show the last manual upgrade-related information.

version	Show Juniper ATP Appliance software and content security versions.
Example	<p>The following example displays information about the All-in-One server device type:</p> <pre>All-in-One(server)# show devicetype Device type: cm, core, web_collector.</pre>

shutdown

Table 118: shutdown

Description	Shuts down the Juniper ATP Appliance server.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine
Mode(s)	Server
Syntax	shutdown
Parameters	None
Example	<p>The following example performs a shutdown of the current device.</p> <pre>JATP# shutdown</pre>

traceroute

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Table 119: traceroute

Description	Displays the route packets trace to a host name or an IP address.	
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Collector Core CM Mac Mini OS X Detection Engine	
Mode(s)	Server Collector	
Syntax	traceroute	
Parameters	-h unsigned integer	Specifies the number of hops
	string	Names the remote system to be traced.
Example	<p>The following example performs a traceroute of the named device.</p> <pre>JATP# traceroute -h 2 8.8.8.8</pre>	

wizard

Table 120: wizard

Description	Enters the Configuration Wizard. For Configuration Wizard commands and response, see “Configuration Wizard for the CoreCM Server” in the next section to follow command prompts and recommended responses.
Product(s) CLI	All-in-One Core/CM Collector Mac Mini Mac OS X
Mode(s)	Basic
Syntax	wizard
Parameters	None
Example	The following command starts the configuration wizard. hostname # wizard

Configuration Wizard Command Prompt Progressions

Table 121: Configuration Wizard

Configuration Wizard Prompts	Customer Response from Collector
------------------------------	----------------------------------

Use DHCP to obtain the IP address and DNS server address for the administrative interface (Yes/No)?

NOTE: Only if your DHCP response is no ,enter the following information when prompted:

1. IP address (no CIDR format)
2. Netmask
3. Enter a gateway IP address for this management (administrative) interface:
4. Enter primary DNS server IP address.
5. Do you have a secondary DNS Server (Yes/ No).
6. Do you want to enter the search domains?
7. Enter the search domain (separate multiple search domains by space):

Restart the administrative interface (Yes/No)?

We strongly discourage the use of DHCP addressing because it changes dynamically. A static IP address is preferred.

Recommended: Respond with no:

1. Enter an IP address
2. Enter a netmask using the form 255.255.255.0.
3. Enter a gateway IP address.
4. Enter the DNS server IP address
5. If **yes**, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server.
6. Enter **yes** if you want DNS lookups to use a specific domain.
7. Enter search domain(s) separated by spaces; for example:
example.com lan.com dom2.com

Enter **yes** to restart with the new configuration settings applied.

Enter a valid hostname.

Type a hostname when prompted; do not include the domain; for example: juniperatp1

NOTE: Only alphanumeric characters and hyphens (in the middle of the hostname) are allowed.

Regenerate the SSL self-signed certificate (Yes/ No)?

Not applicable to Collector.

Enter the following server attributes:	Required: Enter the IP address of the Juniper ATP Appliance Server All-in-One CM or CoreCM to which you are connecting [another] Collector in order to register with and view the Collector in the CM Web UI.
Central Manager (CM) IP Address:	
Device Name: (must be unique)	Enter the Juniper ATP Appliance Collector Device
Device Description	Name; this identifies the Collector in the Web UI.
Device Key PassPhrase	Enter a device Description
NOTE: Remember this passphrase and use it for all distributed devices!	Enter the same PassPhrase used to authenticate the Collector to the Central Manager.

NOTE: Enter CTRL-C to exit the Configuration Wizard at any time. If you exit without completing the

SEE ALSO

[All-in-One CLI Commands | 15](#)

[Core/CM Server CLI Commands | 59](#)

Glossary of Terms

Alternate Exhaust Interface	An eth2 interface configured (optionally) to contain analysis engine CnC traffic off the management network (eth0).
Anti-SIEM	A Juniper ATP Appliance Advanced Threat Analytics (ATA) feature that allows for more detailed endpoint and log ingestion handling, management and reporting; includes Active Directory, Splunk and Direct Log Ingestion options.
AWS	Amazon Web Services and EC2 management console from which Juniper ATP Appliance administrators can configure vCore AMI images.

Blocklist	A list or register of entities to be denied a specified access or privilege. During detection engine analysis, when content matches any pattern on the blocklist, the content is deemed malicious and therefore an alert or block action is enacted immediately.
Collector	Juniper ATP Appliance's Traffic inspection and object collection mechanism
CnC server	Command and control server that directs the operation of a botnet.
CLI	Command-line interface. The Juniper ATP Appliance has a CLI interface for administering the appliance.
CM	The Juniper ATP Appliance Central Manager component that has a web-based graphical user interface.
Darkspace	Currently unused address space.
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol.
DMZ	Demilitarized zone. An area of the network where systems have direct access to the Internet or an external network.
DNS	Domain Name Service.
Event	Indicates a type of security intrusion or attack.
Greylist	Greylists provide control over the priority of workorders for known IP addresses and URLs. Greylists contain files that contain either URLs or IP addresses and are used by the Juniper ATP Appliance analysis engines to check if the specified URLs or IP addresses contain a malicious rule match.
GUI	Graphical user interface. The Juniper ATP Appliance uses a web-based GUI for managing the appliance.
Known botnet server bot command	Events that are triggered when the appliance sees any of the common IRC bot commands or detects any communication sent to known botnet servers.

Lateral Detection	East-west detection of malware within the enterprise spread from endpoint host to host.
Malware	Malicious software used by attackers to disrupt, control, steal, cause data loss, spy upon, or gain unauthorized access to computer systems.
NTP	Network Time Protocol.
OS-anomaly	Events that indicate modification of the operating system.
OSPF	Open Shortest Path First. A protocol that computes an optimal path for traffic in a TCP/IP network.
Sandbox mode	A mode in which malware is permitted to run, but results of the malware action are restricted to the virtual machine and not permitted to escape.
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol.
spyware	A type of malware installed on computers that collects small pieces of information about user(s) it is spying on.
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer.
TLS	Transport Layer Security.
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network.
VM	Virtual Machine. A software program that runs an instance of an operating system. The operating system runs on top of a program that emulates a hardware system.
Worm	A self-replicating malware program that uses a computer network to send copies of itself to other computers. This may be done without any user intervention.

Zero-day attack

An attack by malware that exploits unknown or newly discovered vulnerabilities in software before they become known or before security patches are applied to fix them

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

[All-in-One CLI Commands | 15](#)

[Core/CM Server CLI Commands | 59](#)

[Mac OS X Engine CLI Commands | 105](#)

[Traffic Collector CLI Commands | 137](#)